Installation, Operation, & Maintenance

IOM 8511 Rev. A 1/25

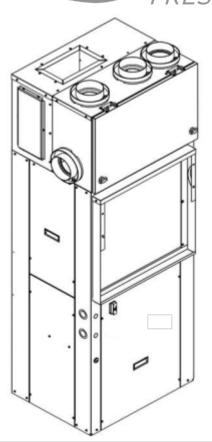
EFE, EFW SERIES

Space Constrained Unit w/ Hot Water or Electric Heat & Energy Recovery Ventilation



ATTENTION:

Read all instructions thoroughly and retain all manuals for future reference.





COPYRIGHT

The Manufacturer works to continually improve its products and as a result, it reserves the right to change design and specifications without notice.

The warranty may be void unless the Startup & Performance Checklist is completed and returned to the warrantor. If the FRESH-PAK unit is not installed properly the warranty will be void as the manufacturer cannot be held accountable for problems that stem from improper installation.



WARNING



This appliance is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety

Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance

Use adequate personal protection equipment when installing and performing maintenance. After switching off and locking-out an electrical disconnect, verify a safe condition with an electrical tester. Discharge a capacitor before handling any PSC motor and wiring. Use eye protection, cut resistant gloves and sleeves to protect against metal edges and screws.

Do not alter this product by using non-authorized parts. Such action voids all warranties or implied warranties and may result in adverse operation and performance and may be hazardous to service personnel and occupants. Company employees and/or contractors are not authorized to waive this warning.

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

- READ THE ENTIRE MANUAL BEFORE STARTING THE INSTALLATION.
- 2. These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede national, state, or local codes in any way.
- 3. Altering the product, improper installation, or the use of unauthorized factory parts voids all warranty or implied warranty and may result in adverse operation and/or performance or may result in hazardous conditions to service personnel and occupants. Company employees or contractors are not authorized to waive this warning.
- 4. This product should only be installed and serviced by a qualified, licensed, and factory authorized installer or service agency.
- 5. All "kits", parts, and "accessories" used must be factory authorized when modifying this product. Refer and follow instructions packaged with the kits or accessories when installing.

RECOGNIZE THE FOLLOWING SAFETY NOTATIONS THROUGHOUT THIS MANUAL AND POSTED ON THE EQUIPMENT:



WARNING



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or unsafe practices that could result in severe personal injury or death and/or damage to property.



NOTE



Used to highlight suggestions, which may result in enhanced installation, reliability or operation.



WARNING





ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD



Signifies potential electrical shock hazards that could result in personal injury or death.



CAUTION



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that may result in minor or moderate personal injury.



IMPORTANT



Suggests important procedure steps to insure proper installation, reliability, or operation.

WARNING





FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD



Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in property damage, dangerous operation, serious injury, or death. Improper servicing could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death, or property damage.

- Before servicing, disconnect all electrical power to the unit.
- When servicing controls, label all wires prior to disconnecting. Reconnect wires correctly.

Verify proper operation after servicing

MODEL NOMENCLATURE

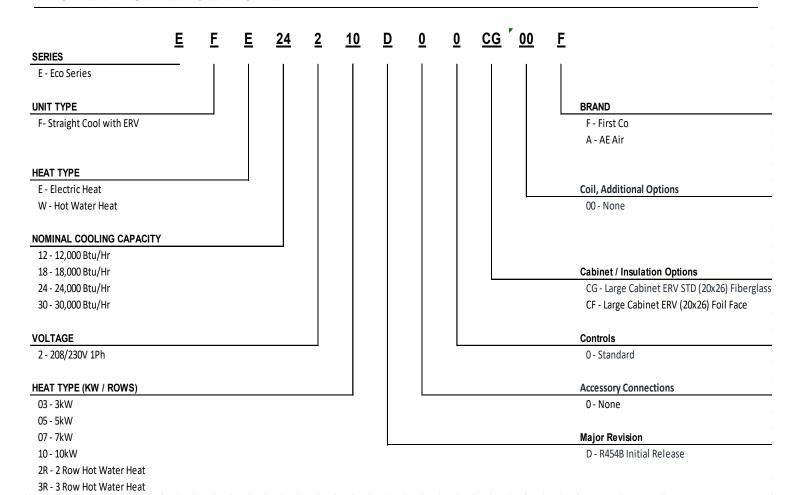


FIGURE 1 - Model Nomenclature

GENERAL INFORMATION

The FRESH-PAK unit is a combination of our high efficiency, high performance and reliable vertically packaged unit with an integral Energy Recovery Ventilation (ERV) System. ERVs provide pre-conditioned fresh outdoor air to your space either directly or through the normal return of your air handling unit. The benefits include improved indoor air-quality, reduced energy costs and lower first cost of installation. The FRESH-PAK EFE/EFW models come standard with ECM blowers for high efficiency and comfort and features and optional electric or hydronic heating. All FRESH-PAK models are certified to AHRI Standard 210/240-2020 and are compliant with UL60335-2-40.

These instructions are given for the installation of the Eco Series Fresh-Pak EFE and EFW models specifically. For any other related equipment, refer to the appropriate manufacturer's instructions.

This unit may be installed at altitudes up to 10,000 ft. (3,048 m).



WARNING



This unit is certified for through-the-wall indoor installation only. It is NOT approved for mobile homes, recreational vehicles or outdoor applications. Such use could result in property damage, personal injury, or death.



IMPORTANT



Do not operate this unit in any mode during building construction due to excessive airborne dust and debris. Do not operate this unit without an air filter in place. The manufacturer does not warrant equipment subjected to abuse.



WARNING





ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD

4

Before servicing equipment, **ALWAYS** turn off all power to the unit. There may be more than one disconnect switch.

Electrical shock can cause injury or death



NOTE



Material in this shipment has been inspected at the factory and released to the transportation agency in good condition.

Upon receipt, a visual inspection of all cartons should be made immediately. Any evidence of rough handling or apparent damage should be noted on the delivery receipt in the presence of the carrier's representative.

If damage is found, a claim should be immediately filed against the carrier.



WARNING



Take extreme caution that no internal damage will result if screws or holes are drilled into the cabinet.



CAUTION



Do not operate this unit without an air filter in place.



NOTE



Remove shrink-wrap and all packaging materials before installation. Ensure louvered areas are free from obstructions before installation.

UNIT OPERATION



IMPORTANT



The unit is designed to operate at maximum 0.5 in.w.c external static pressure. Operation at higher E.S.P may cause equipment failure. For applications requiring higher static operation, please contact factory or the manufacture's sales representative.



WARNING



These instructions are intended as an aid to qualified, licensed, service personnel for proper installation, adjustment and operation of this unit. Read these instructions thoroughly before attempting installation or operation. Failure to follow these instructions may result in improper installation, adjustment, service or maintenance possibly resulting in fire, electrical shock, property damage, personal injury or death.

Unit Operating Range °F [°C]						
Condition	Cooling					
Condition	Min	Max				
Outdoor DB	60 [15.6]	115 [46.1]				
Indoor DB	60 [15.6]	90 [32.2]				
Table 1 – Unit Operating Range						

Note:

1) Operating ranges based off standard installation with "0" external static and standard Louvers. Operation with non-standard louvers may lower unit operating range.

STORAGE

Equipment should be stored in a clean dry, conditioned area with maximum temperatures up to 120°F [48.89°C] and minimum temperatures to 32°F [0°C]. Units should be stored upright and in an indoor environment. It is recommended to leave packaging on the unit until the installation is to begin.



WARNING



REFRIGERANT UNDER PRESSURE

Units are factory charged with refrigerant. Store units in a location that will minimize the potential for damage. Do not store the unit where sources of ignition are continuously present.

Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process, or to clean the unit, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.

Do not pierce or burn.



WARNING



DO NOT stack FRESH-PAK units!. Failure to follow these instructions may result in property damage, personal injury or death.



WARNING



Do not operate this unit in any mode during building construction due to excessive airborne dust and debris. Do not operate this unit without an air filter in place. The manufacturer does not warrant equipment subjected to abuse.

SHIPPING & PACKAGING LIST

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

FRESH-PAK units must remain in the upright position throughout the shipping and handling process to maintain the proper compressor oil level.

PACKAGE LIST

The units will be shipped with the following. Quantities listed in Paratheses.

- 1. FRESH-PAK Package DX Cooling Unit with Integral ERV
 - a. Shipping brackets (2)
 - b. Screws (4)
 - c. Mounting bracket (2)
 - d. Screws (4)
- 2. Literature Package containing
 - a. IOM Installation & Operations Manual (1)
- 3. Duct Collar Kit
 - a. ERV Round Duct Connections (4)
 - b. Screws (12)

Check the unit for shipping damage; if damage is found, immediately contact the last carrier.

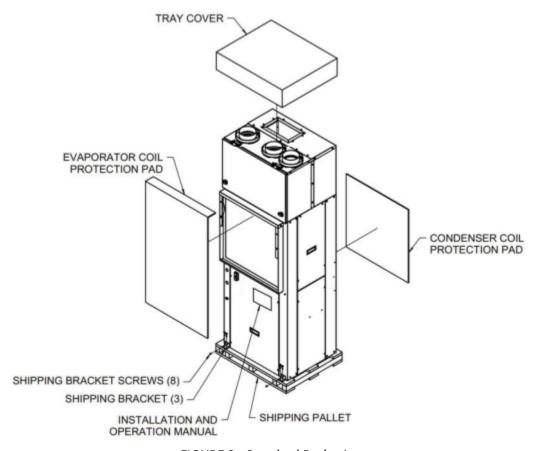


FIGURE 2 - Standard Packaging

UNIT INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Before preparing unit for installation, complete the inspection procedures below.

- 1) Visually inspect unit for any shipping damage. Damage must be reported immediately to the shipping company to make a claim.
- Ensure that the carrier makes proper notation of any shortages or damage on all copies of the freight bill and completes a common carrier inspection report.
- 3) Verify that unit nameplates on the data label match the sales order or bill of lading (including, unit configuration, size and voltage).
- 4) Immediately before installation, remove unit front panel and verify that all electrical connections are tight and that there are no loose wires.
- 5) Verify that the refrigerant piping is free from any kinks and there is no interference between unit piping and sheet metal or electrical wires.
- 6) Remove the blower access panel and remove the foam packaging mount underneath the blower.
- 7) Check that the blower spins freely within the housing and there are no obstructions between the wheel and housing. The wheel can sometimes come loose in shipping.
- 8) Ensure that evaporator distributor tubes are not touching one another and that they are over the drain pan.
- 9) Check the air-coil fins for any damage during shipping.
- 10) Ensure that shipping brackets and screws are removed from condensing section. Refer to FIGURE 3 - Standard Packaging with Brackets – Front View & FIGURE 4 - Standard Packaging with Brackets – Back View for more information.

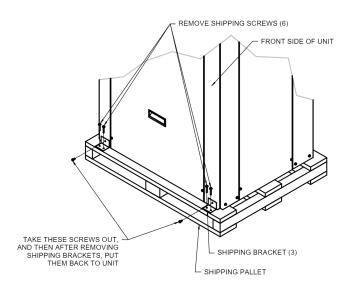


FIGURE 3 - Standard Packaging with Brackets – Front View



Check the unit nameplate for correct voltage with the plans before installing the equipment.

Ensure that all electrical ground, connections are made in accordance with local code.

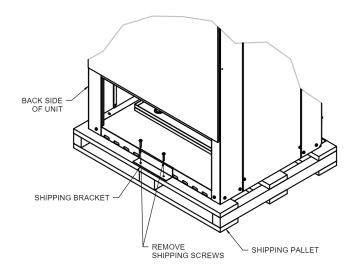


FIGURE 4 - Standard Packaging with Brackets – Back View

UNIT DIMENSIONAL DATA EFE

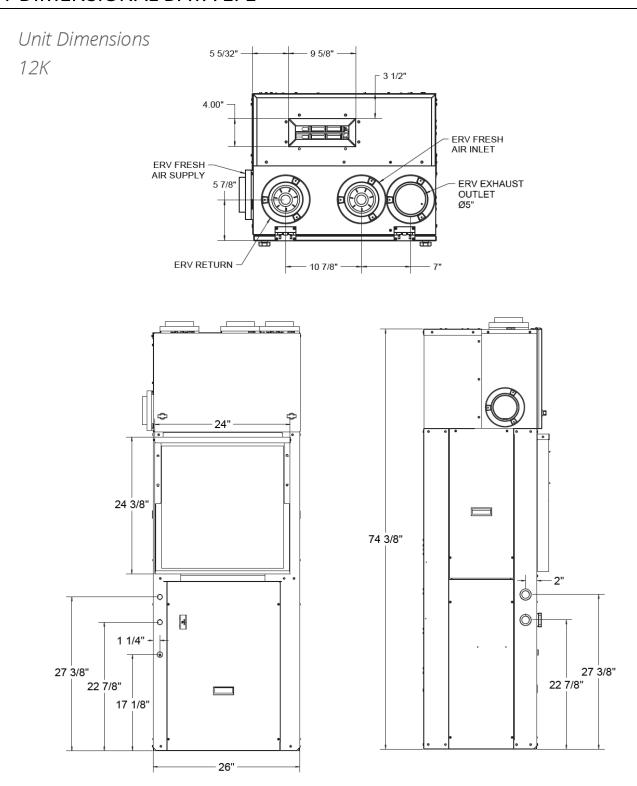


Figure 5- EFE Unit Dimensions 12K

UNIT DIMENSIONAL DATA EFE

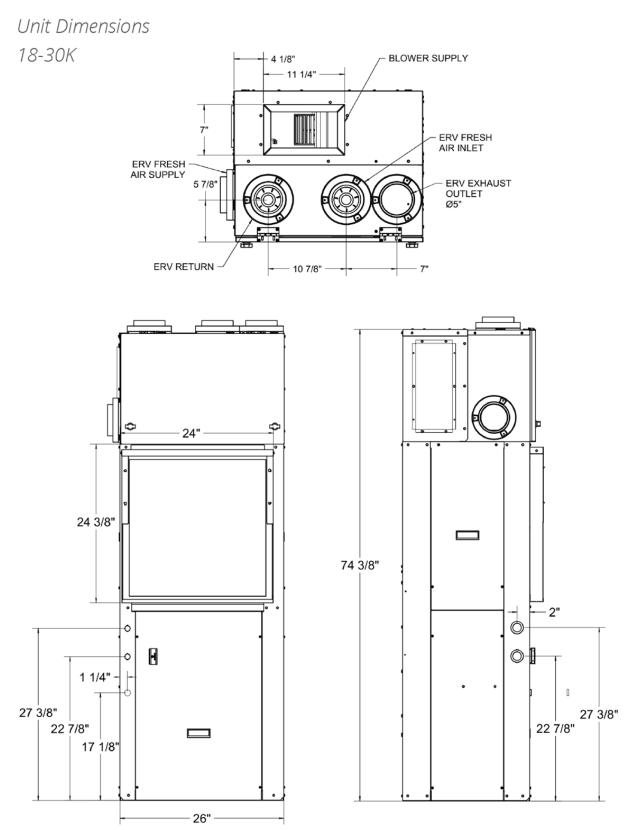


Figure 6 - EFE Unit Dimensions 18-30K

UNIT DIMENSIONAL DATA EFW

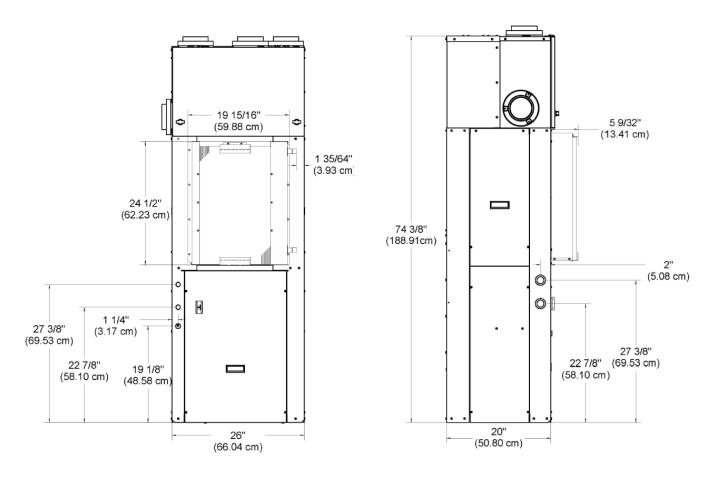
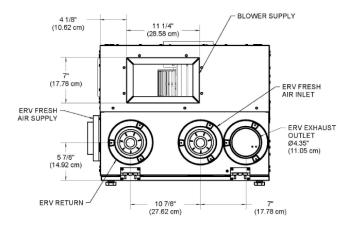


Figure 7 - EFW Unit Dimensions 12K

UNIT DIMENSIONAL DATA EFW

Unit Dimensions 18-30K



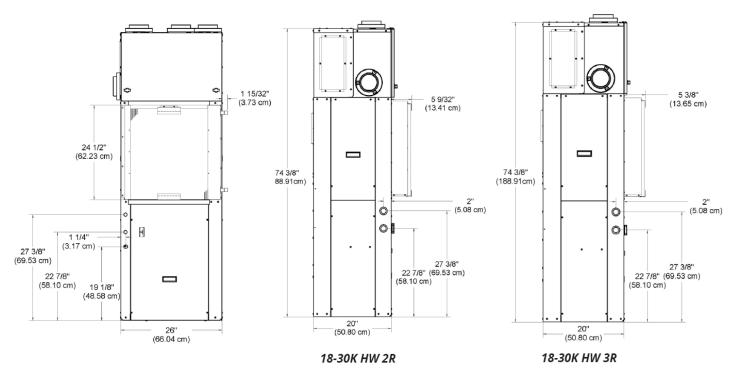


Figure 8 - EFW Unit Dimensions 18-30K

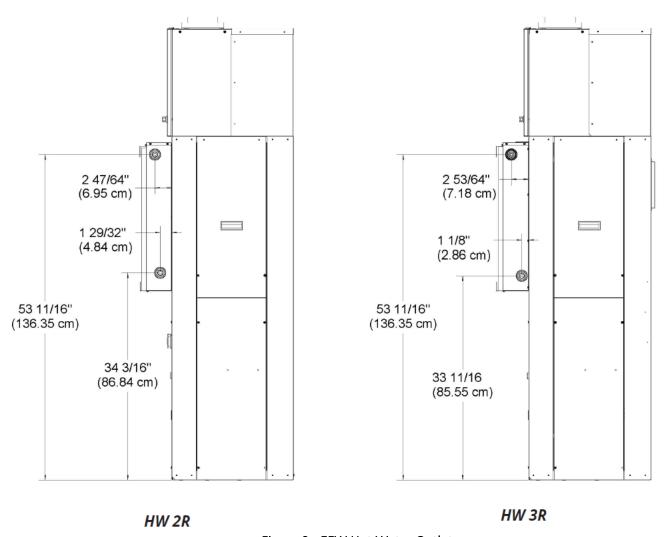


Figure 9 - EFW Hot Water Outlets

UNIT PHYSICAL DATA EFE

		PHYSIC	AL DATA			
454B FRESH PAK AC		EFE12	EFE18	EFE24	EFE30	
Compressor (Quantity)		Rotar	y (1)	Scroll (1)		
Compressor FLA		4.6	7.6	9	12.8	
5 . () (0.4540)	lb	3.13	4.2	4.5	4.675	
Factory Charge (R454B)	kg	1.41	1.9	2.04	2.12	
Minimum Room Area	m^2	4.3	5.7	6.2	6.4	
Minimum Room Area	Ft^2	45.8	61.8	66.3	68.9	
Minimum Ain Flaur	CFM	84	113	122	126	
Minimum Air Flow	M³/hr	143	193	207	215	
		ID M	OTOR			
Motor (Quantity)		1	1	1	1	
Fan Motor Type		ECM	ECM	ECM	ECM	
Motor HP		1/4	1/3	1/3	1/2	
Motor FLA		2.3	2.8	2.8	4.1	
		OD N	1OTOR			
Motor (Quantity)		1	1	1	1	
Fan Motor Type		ECM	ECM	ECM	ECM	
Motor HP		1/4	1/3	1/3	1/3	
Motor FLA		2.3	2.8	2.8	2.8	
		ID BL	.OWER			
Blowers (Quantity)		1	1	1	1	
Blower Wheel Size (D x W)	in.	6 x 8	10 x 4	10 x 4	10 x 4	
[cm]		[15.24 x 20.32	[25.4 x 10.16]	[25.4 x 10.16]	[25.4 x 10.16]	
		EVAPOR	ATOR COIL			
Dimensions (H v W) in Jen	n1	24 x 16.25	24x22	24x22	24x22	
Dimensions (H x W) in. [cn	ıj	[61 x 41.275]	[61 x 55.88]	[61 x 55.88]	[61 x 55.88]	
Face Area ft ² [m ²]		3.53 [2.70]	3.53 [0.33]	3.53 [0.33]	3.53 [0.33]	
Rows		3	4	4	4	
		OD	COIL			
Dimensions (H x W) in. [cn	2]	26 x 16.5	26 x 22.5	26 x 22.5	26 x 22.5	
Dimensions (FLX VV) III. [CII	ני	[66 x 42]	[66 x 57]	[66 x 57]	[66 x 57]	
Face Area ft ² [m ²]		3.0 [0.2772]	4.1 [0.3762]	4.1 [0.3762]	4.1 [0.3762]	
		MISCEL	LANEOUS			
Throwaway Filter Dim in	[cm]	24 x 24	24 x 24	24 x 24	24 x 24	
Throwaway Filter Dim. in. [cm]		[60.96 x 60.96]	[60.96 x 60.96]	[60.96 x 60.96]	[60.96 x 60.96]	
Throwaway Filter Quantity	<i>'</i>	1	1	1	1	
A2L MITIGATION		NO	YES	YES	YES	
Operating Weight lb. [oz]		270 [122.5]	285 [129.3]	300 [136]	305 [138.3]	
Packaged Weight lb. [oz]		290 [131.5]	305 [138.3]	320 [145.1]	325 [147.4]	
		Table 2 – Uni	t Physical Data			

UNIT PHYSICAL DATA EFW

		PHYSIC	CAL DATA			
454B FRESH PAK AC		EFW12	EFW18	EFW24	EFW30	
Compressor (Quantity)		Rota	y (1)	Scroll (1)		
Compressor FLA		4.6 7.6		9	12.8	
(D.454B)	lb	3.13	4.2	4.5	4.675	
Factory Charge (R454B)	kg	1.41	1.9	2.04	2.12	
Minimum Room Area	m^2	4.3	5.7	6.2	6.4	
Minimum Room Area	Ft^2	45.8	61.8	66.3	68.9	
Minimum Air Flow	CFM	84	113	122	126	
Minimum Air Flow	M3/hr	143	193	207	215	
		ID N	1OTOR			
Motor (Quantity)		1	1	1	1	
Fan Motor Type		ECM	ECM	ECM	ECM	
Motor HP		1/4	1/3	1/3	1/2	
Motor FLA		2.3	2.8	2.8	4.1	
		ODI	MOTOR			
Motor (Quantity)		1	1	1	1	
Fan Motor Type		ECM	ECM	ECM	ECM	
Motor HP		1/4	1/3	1/3	1/3	
Motor FLA		2.3	2.8	2.8	2.8	
		ID B	LOWER			
Blowers (Quantity)		1	1	1	1	
Player Wheel Size (D.v. M)	in [ama]	6 x 8	10 x 4	10 x 4	10 x 4	
Blower Wheel Size (D x W)	in. [cm]	[15.24 x 20.32	[25.4 x 10.16]	[25.4 x 10.16]	[25.4 x 10.16]	
		EVAPOR	ATOR COIL			
Dimensions (II v M/) in form	1	24 x 16.25	24x22	24x22	24x22	
Dimensions (H x W) in. [cm	J	[61 x 41.275]	[61 x 55.88]	[61 x 55.88]	[61 x 55.88]	
Face Area ft ² [m ²]		3.53 [2.70]	3.53 [0.33]	3.53 [0.33]	3.53 [0.33]	
Rows		3	4	4	4	
		O	COIL			
Dimensions / L v M/\ in fem	1	26 x 16.5	26 x 22.5	26 x 22.5	26 x 22.5	
Dimensions (H x W) in. [cm	J	[66 x 42]	[66 x 57]	[66 x 57]	[66 x 57]	
Face Area ft ² [m ²]		3.0 [0.2772]	4.1 [0.3762]	4.1 [0.3762]	4.1 [0.3762]	
		MISCEL	LANEOUS			
Throwayay Filtor Dim in	[am]	24 x 24	24 x 24	24 x 24	24 x 24	
Throwaway Filter Dim. in. [cm]		[60.96 x 60.96]	[60.96 x 60.96]	[60.96 x 60.96]	[60.96 x 60.96]	
Throwaway Filter Quantity		1	1	1	1	
A2L MITIGATION		NO	YES	YES	YES	
Operating Weight lb. [oz]		270 [122.5]	285 [129.3]	300 [136]	305 [138.3]	
Packaged Weight lb. [oz]		290 [131.5]	305 [138.3]	320 [145.1]	325 [147.4]	
		Table 3 – Un	it Physical Data			

For installations in locations above 800 meters, the room size and mitigation airflow must be adjusted with a factor from this chart:

Altitude Correction Factor													
Altitude (m)	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2200	2400	2600	2800	3000	3200
Altitude (ft)	2625	3281	39.7	4693	5349	5906	6562	7218	7874	8530	9186	9843	10499
Adj Factor (AF)	1.02	1.05	1.07	1.1	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.21	1.25	1.28	1.32	1.36	1.4

ELECTRICAL DATA

				EFE ELECT	RICAL DAT	A					
Model Number	Voltage	СОМР	RESSOR	OUTDOO	R MOTOR	INDOOR MOTOR		OOR MOTOR MIN. CIRCUIT AMPACITY (MCA)		MAX. OVERCURRENT PROTECTION (MOP)	
		RLA	LRA	FLA	НР	FLA	HP	(L1-	-L2)	(L1-	-L2)
		KLA	LKA	FLA	пР	FLA	пР	240V	208V	240V	208V
85FE12203D0D*	208/230-1-60	4.6	25	2.3	1/4	2.3	1/4	19.0	17.0	20	20
85FE12205D0D*	208/230-1-60	4.6	25	2.3	1/4	2.3	1/4	27.0	24.0	30	25
85FE18203D0D*	208/230-1-60	7.6	36	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	20.0	18.0	20	20
85FE18205D0D*	208/230-1-60	7.6	36	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	30.0	27.0	30	30
85FE18207D0D*	208/230-1-60	7.6	36	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	40.0	36.0	40	40
85FE18210D0D*	208/230-1-60	7.6	36	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	53.0	47.0	55	50
85FE24205D0D*	208/230-1-60	9	63	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	30.0	27.0	30	30
85FE24207D0D*	208/230-1-60	9	63	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	40.0	36.0	40	40
85FE24210D0D*	208/230-1-60	9	63	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	53.0	47.0	55	50
85FE30205D0D*	208/230-1-60	12.8	77	2.8	1/3	4.1	1/2	32.0	28.0	35	35
85FE30207D0D*	208/230-1-60	12.8	77	2.8	1/3	4.1	1/2	42.0	37.0	45	40
85FE30210D0D*	208/230-1-60	12.8	77	2.8	1/3	4.1	1/2	55.0	48.0	55	50
			T	ABLE 4 ELE		ATA					

For all models, units have single point power and can only operate either the compressor or electric heat, not both. Refer to the wiring diagrams in the EFE IOM for additional details
Wire sizes should be determined in accordance with National Electrical Codes
Units are rated for 208/230V, but MOP,MCA values are calculated at 208/240V

ELECTRICAL DATA (continued)

				EFW ELECT	RICAL DAT	Ā					
Model Number	Voltage	COMPRESSOR		OUTDOOR MOTOR		INDOOR MOTOR		MIN. CIRCUIT AMPACITY (MCA)		MAX. OVERCURRENT PROTECTION (MOP)	
		DLA	I D A	ГІЛ	LID	ΓLA	LID	(L1-	-L2)	(L1·	-L2)
		RLA	LRA	FLA	HP	FLA	FLA HP	240V	208V	240V	208V
85FW1222RD0D*	208/230-1-60	4.6	25	2.3	1/4	2.3	1/4	12.0	12.0	15	15
85FW1822RD0D*	208/230-1-60	7.6	36	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	17.0	17.0	20	20
85FW1823RD0D*	208/230-1-60	7.6	36	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	17.0	17.0	20	20
85FW2422RD0D*	208/230-1-60	9	63	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	19.0	19.0	25	25
85FW2423RD0D*	208/230-1-60	9	63	2.8	1/3	2.8	1/3	19.0	19.0	25	25
85FW3022RD0D*	208/230-1-60	12.8	77	2.8	1/3	4.1	1/2	25.0	25.0	35	35
85FW3023RD0D*	208/230-1-60	12.8	77	2.8	1/3	4.1	1/2	25.0	25.0	35	35
			TAI	BLE 5 – ELE	CTRICAL D	ATA					

Refer to the wiring diagrams in the EFW IOM for additional details Wire size should be determined in accordance with National Codes. Units are rated for 208/230V, but MOP,MCA values are calculated at 208/240V

INSTALLATION

INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS



CAUTION



Always wear all appropriate personal protection Equipment when installing and servicing units.



WARNING



Use multiple people to team lift when moving and installing these units.

Failure to properly lift units may result in personal injury or death.



CAUTION



Contact with metal edges and corners can result in personal injury. Protective gloves should be worn when handling.

Exercise caution when installing and servicing unit.

Observe the following precautions for typical installation.

- Always use proper tools and equipment
- No wiring or any work should be attempted without first ensuring the unit is completely disconnected from the power source and locked out. Also, verify that a proper permanent and uninterrupted, ground connection exists prior to energizing power to the unit.
- Review unit nameplate and wiring diagram for proper voltage and control configurations. This information may vary from unit to unit.
- Units must be installed level to ensure proper drainage and operation.
- Be sure that the drain pan is free from foreign material prior to start up.



CAUTION



Components rotate at high speeds when the unit is in operation.

- Check filter media installation to ensure that it is installed correctly. Use the directional arrows or other information on the filter to determine the proper flow direction.
- Ensure air distribution system does not exceed the external static rating of the unit.

1

WARNING



When soldering and brazing, have a fire extinguisher available. When soldering and brazing close to valves or sensitive components, heat shields or wet rags are required to prevent damage to the valves or components.

i

NOTF



Damaged insulation must be repaired or replaced before the unit is placed back into operation. Insulation loses its insulating properties when wet, damaged, separated or torn.

A

CAUTION



When servicing this equipment, ensure that the reversing valve, expansion device, filter drier and other components are specifically designed for R-454B refrigerant.



WARNING



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FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD



Failure to following this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Do not attempt any sealed system repair without first recovering the entire refrigerant charge. R-454B refrigerant and oil mixture could ignite in the presence of a brazing torch flame. Completely recover the refrigerant charge using both the high and low sides of the system and purge the sealed system with nitrogen before brazing any component or tubing.



WARNING



Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent), service agency.

Attempting to install or repair this unit without such background may result in product damage, personal injury or death.

Work with extreme caution to minimize the risk of refrigerant ignition while installing and servicing a system containing a flammable refrigerant. Control the work environment as much as possible while potentially flammable vapors are present. Inform all persons on site about the risks of the nature of the work underway and the necessary safety precautions. Do not work in confined spaces. Test the work area for refrigerant in the air using an intrinsically safe A2L refrigerant leak detector before beginning work. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher available. Use proper tools designed for A2L class refrigerants. While working near A2L refrigerants, use only non-sparking tools. Open flames and other ignition sources must not be present except during brazing. Brazing must only take place on evacuated and nitrogen purged refrigerant lines and components that are open to the atmosphere.

Consult local building codes and current editions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) NFPA 70. In Canada, refer to current editions of the Canadian electrical code *CSA* CEC22.1.



IMPORTANT



These units are for indoor installation ONLY!

UNIT LOCATION

This FRESH-PAK unit is certified for through-the-wall, indoor, up-flow vertical position installation only. This appliance is not design certified for installation in mobile homes, recreational vehicles, or outdoors. A factory approved wall sleeve must be used to install the FRESH-PAK unit.

The interior portion of the unit is surrounded by a closet with a rear access, refer to FIGURE 10 - Condo with FRESH-PAK on Exterior Wall. The vertical discharge allows for ducting to the top of the room for best air circulation and elimination of cold drafts on occupants. The exterior (grille side) of the unit must have no obstruction (trees, landscape material, etc.) within 30 in. [76.2 cm].



NOTE



Do not locate two units adjacent to each other on an inside corner or where they may exhaust into each other.

Provisions should be made to allow access to the indoor side of the unit for installation and inspection. The closet or access panel opening must be centered with the exterior wall opening and be at least 30 in. [76.2 cm] wide by 84 in. [213.36 cm] tall for all FRESH-PAK models.

12 in. [30.4 cm] (6 in. [15.24 cm] on sides without the ERV fresh air connection) of unobstructed clearance must be maintained around the FRESH-PAK chassis for adequate airflow to achieve optimum performance. These guidelines address minimum spacing requirements only. It is acceptable to go beyond these limits at any time. At least 29 in. [73.66 cm] of unobstructed space should be provided in front of the access door to permit removal of the unit, should repair and inspection be required.



NOTE



The FRESH-PAK units are designed for quiet operation. However, all air conditioning equipment will transfer a level of noise to the conditioned space.

This should be considered when planning the location of the equipment.



NOTE



The Architectural Louver must be installed prior to the installation of the FRESH-PAK unit into the sleeve.

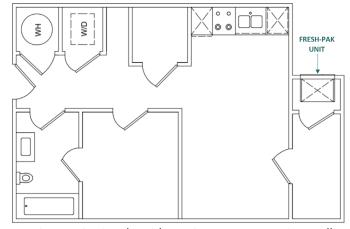


FIGURE 10 - Condo with FRESH-PAK on Exterior Wall

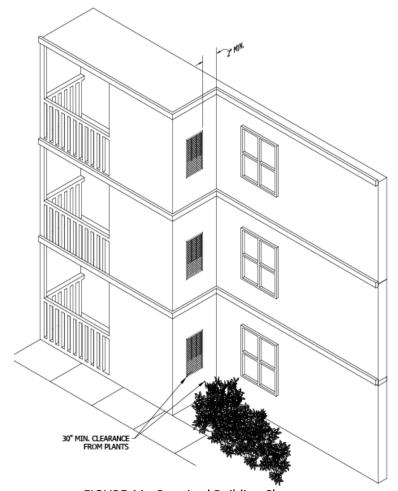


FIGURE 11 - Required Building Clearances

UNIT CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS

Service clearance must be provided for future maintenance and service. A minimum of 29 in. [73.66 cm] open area must be left unobstructed in front of the access panels.

The louver side must be kept free from any obstructions to air flow. The unit must be installed at least 4 feet [1.22m] from electric meters, gas meters, regulators, and relief equipment.

CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS						
MINIMUM CLEARANCE	INCHES	CM				
Horizontal distance between units	12	30				
Vertical distance between units	60	152				
Distance above ground level	6	15				
Distance above finished floor	6	15				
Distance above a garage floor	18	46				

Table 6 - Clearance Requirements

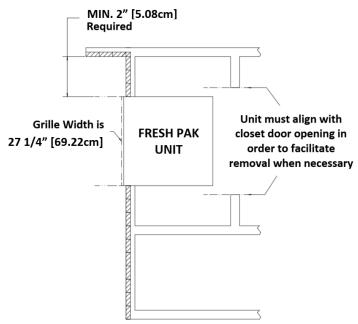


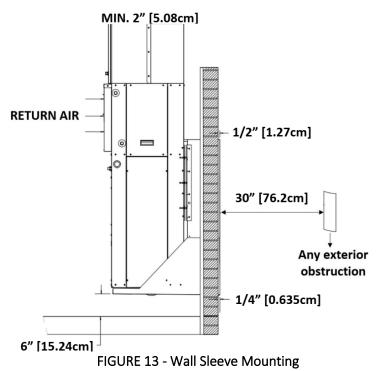
FIGURE 12 - Clearance Requirements

A unit installed in a garage must also be protected from damage by vehicles.

WALL SLEEVE INSTALLATION

Refer to installation instruction packed with the wall sleeve to assemble and mount into the wall. Before unit installation, verify that sleeve components are not damaged and that the drain line is unobstructed free of leaks.

Check all seals to ensure that they are in position and un-damaged. Ensure that the wall sleeve is sloped toward the exterior of the building. Securely fasten the Architectural louver to the front of the sleeve using the supplied hardware.





After sleeve installation, ensure that the gap in-between the wall and seal is insulated and is in contact with the sleeve sides.

WALL SLEEVE INSTALLATION CONTINUED REAR INSTALLATION & DIMENSIONS

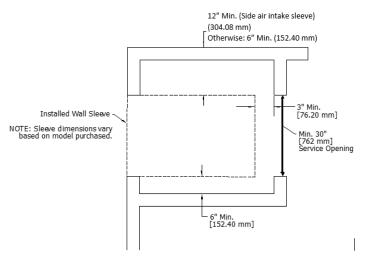


FIGURE 14 - Rear Installation

- Sleeve rough-in opening is 43-1/2 in. (H) [110.49 cm]
 x 26-3/4 in. (W) [67.94 cm].
- Bottom of opening should be approximately 6 in. [15.24 cm] about the floor.
- Minimum of 12 in. [30.4 cm] clearance required for side air intake sleeve insulation.
- Minimum of 6 in. [15.24 cm] clearance is required on the ERV fresh air (supply air) side.
- Minimum of 3 in. [7.62 cm] of clearance is required on all sides, except ERV fresh air (supply air) side, of the FRESH-PAK unit. See -FIGURE 14- Rear Installation.



NOTE



Locate the unit in an area that easily provides minimum clearance to all service access panels. Consider all additional clearances needed for water connections, electrical connections, duct connections and sufficient return airflow.



CAUTION



A masonry wall opening must be properly constructed with a lintel for wall support. Wall openings must be flashed and sealed. The unit must be level, front to back, side to side. Refer to CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS section in this manual for more information.



IMPORTANT



Apply a high grade non-hardening sealant approved for exterior at the following locations to prevent air and water from migrating inside:

- 1. Between edge of the sleeve and the structure
- 2. On the inside/outside walls.



CAUTION



Contact with metal edges and corners can result in injury.

Wear protective gloves when handling. Exercise caution when installing and servicing unit.



CAUTION



Seal exposed joints to prevent water and outside air infiltration into the closet, which can cause improper unit operation and may cause damage the unit and other property.

PACKAGED UNIT INSTALLATION

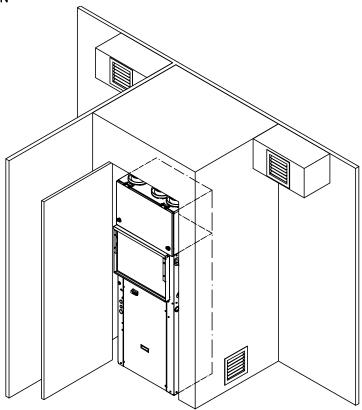


FIGURE 15 - FRESH-PAK Unit Installation



NOTE



DO NOT install unit in areas subject to freezing temperatures or where high humidity levels could cause cabinet condensation.

Units should be mounted on the sleeve with a pitch to the outside of the building.

Insulation is installed in indoor equipment to provide a barrier between outside air conditions surrounding the unit and the varying conditions inside the unit. If the insulating barrier is damaged, the surrounding ambient air will affect the inside surface temperature of the cabinet; this may lead to sheet metal corrosion and subsequently, component failure.

The installer must adhere strictly to all local and national code requirements pertaining to the installation of this equipment. All units are designed for indoor use only, and are agency listed for installation with clearances specified in **Table 6-Clearance Requirements.** This includes the cabinet, discharge plenum and connecting ducts.

A

NOTE



Check nameplate voltage, amperage and fuse size to ensure the proper power supply.

PACKAGED UNIT INSTALLATION

- Remove the two shipping brackets holding the unit to the shipping pallet and remove unit from the shipping pallet.
- 2. Ensure that properly sized ductwork is in place to mate to the connections on the FRESH-PAK.
- 3. Before setting unit into closet, remove upper side access panel and inspect the evaporator blower to ensure that the wheel turns freely without rubbing on the housing.



NOTE



Remove the Styrofoam shipping block supporting the blower assembly.

- 4. Replace upper access doors prior to completing installation.
- 5. Remove the disconnect and the rear access door to get to the loose items described in the packing list. Check all electrical connections and check the condenser fan to see if it turns freely.
- 6. Remove the 4 ERV duct collars from inside the cabinet.
- 7. Attach unit mounting brackets (2) as shown in **FIGURE** 16 Mounting Brackets Installation.

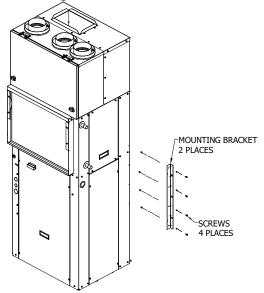


FIGURE 16 - Mounting Brackets Installation

8. Ensure that the wall sleeve is installed squarely and is secured before installing the unit.

IMPORTANT



After removing the construction debris guard, check the bottom of the sleeve pan to ensure that it is sloped toward the building exterior. Ensure that the bottom of the pan and drain are clear of obstruction and are operational.

9. After the seal is inspected, lift the unit onto the base of the sleeve and slide the unit forward to engage the seal. The unit uses locking brackets with weld studs. Align the unit to the bracket on the sleeve. Tighten down the unit until there is a tight seal with the sleeve. See FIGURE 17 - Wall Sleeve Seal.

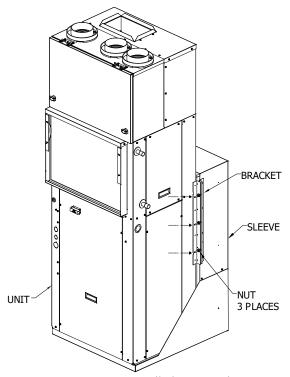


FIGURE 17 - Wall Sleeve Seal

10. Check that the unit is completely seated on all four sides against the wall sleeve seals.



CAUTION



If unit is not sealed properly, water and/or outside air will infiltrate the closet which may cause improper unit operation and can cause damage to the unit and/or property.

PIPING (HOT WATER COILS)



CAUTION



Prior to making piping connections, contractor must clean and flush water loop system. Failure to clean/flush system may result in nuisance tripping and premature component failure.

PIPING NOTES

- 1. Flush all field piping prior to connection to clear all debris
- Open all valves (mid-way for hand valves, manually open motorized valves) prior to soldering and brazing. Use proper heat shields to protect valve bodies.
- 3. When soldering or brazing to the unit, it is recommended to have a fire extinguisher readily available.
- 4. Use proper soldering and brazing techniques to protect valve bodies and unit components.
- 5. Heat can only be applied to the cup of the valve body for a minimal time before damage occurs (even with the use of wet rags).
- 6. Avoid rapid quenching of soldered joints to prevent weakening.
- 7. Make provisions for expansion and contraction of piping systems to provide movement with temperature changes. Failure to account for these factors will result in damage and failure of piping, fittings, and valves throughout the system.
- 8. **DO NOT** insulate the heads or motorized portion of control valves. Excessive heat build-up can cause damage and affect proper operation of the system.
- 9. Consider electrical routing when installing field piping.
- 10. Observe all regulations and codes governing installation of piping.



CAUTION



Hydronic systems are not designed to hold pressurized air and should only be tested with water.

Pressurizing system with air could damage equipment.



WARNING



Do not exceed 180 degree F (82 degrees C) water temperature..

When all connections are complete, pressure test the system, and repair any leaks or faulty joints.

PIPING INSTALLATION

- 1. All piping must be adequately sized to meet the design water flow requirements as specified for the specific installation. Piping must be installed in accordance with all applicable codes.
- 2. The piping connection on the equipment are not necessarily indicative of the proper supply and return line sizes. To minimize restrictions, piping design should be kept as simple as possible.



CAUTION



Do not bend or crimp the supply lines or hoses.

For all supply lines or hoses of 1.5 in. O.D. or larger, use properly sized fittings to prevent piping damage and potential restrictions in water flow.

- 3. Prior to connecting the FRESH-PAK all external piping must be purged of debris.
- 4. It is also recommended that all piping be insulated to prevent freezing when piping is run in all unconditioned spaces.



NOTE



Coil freeze protection is recommended for applications where the FRESH-PAK w/Hot Water is located in ambient air locations or within structures that may be unoccupied during freezing conditions.

Consult the Manufacturer for additional information.

Hot Water Specifications						
Maximum Design	4137					
Pressure kPa (PSI)	(600)					
Maximum Operating	82.2					
Temperature C° (°F)	(180)					
TABLE 7						



IMPORTANT



Do not restrict supply air by using a vertical duct with dimensions smaller than the supply air flanges.

Ne pas restreindre l'air soufflé en utilisant un conduit vertical dont les dimensions sont inférieures aux brides d'air soufflé.

DUCTWORK

Discharge ductwork is normally used with these units. When return air ductwork is required, the unit is supplied with 2 in. [5.08 cm] thick filter rack/duct collar for connection of return air ductwork. All ductwork must be installed in accordance with National Fire Protection Assoc. Codes 90A and 90B.

Supply and Return ducts must be sized properly as to not exceed static pressure capabilities of the unit. Ducts should be adequately insulated to prevent condensation and to minimize heat loss. A flexible connector is recommended for supply air connections on metal duct systems.

DISCHARGE DUCTING

All Ductwork must conform to industry standards of good practice as described in ASHRAE System Guide. The transition piece from the unit discharge to the duct distribution system must not have an angle greater than 30° or severe loss of air performance can result.

Do not connect the full duct size to the unit discharge collar without using a transition piece down to the size of the unit discharge collar. With metal material, the sides of the elbow and entire branch duct should be internally lined with acoustic insulation for sound attenuation.

The ductwork should be configured such that there is no line of sight between the unit discharge and the distribution diffusers.



NOTE



Follow the filter rack kit instructions & recommendations for installation.

RETURN AIR DUCTING

Return air duct can be brought in through a wall grille and then to the unit. The return duct system will normally consist of flexible connector at the unit and a trunk duct to the return air grille. With metal duct material, the return air duct should be internally lined with acoustic insulation for sound attenuation.

A 2 in. [5.08 cm] air duct collar flange is included on the filter rack for ducted return air application. A flexible duct collar can then be attached between a duct transition and the return air ductwork. The return air duct transition must be the same size as the return air coil face area. See **FIGURE 18 - Ductwork**. Be sure to allow for proper clearance to allow for filter change outs.

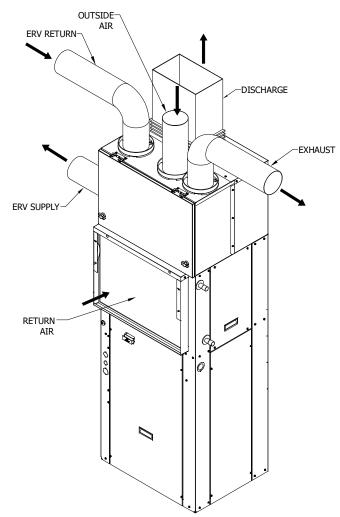
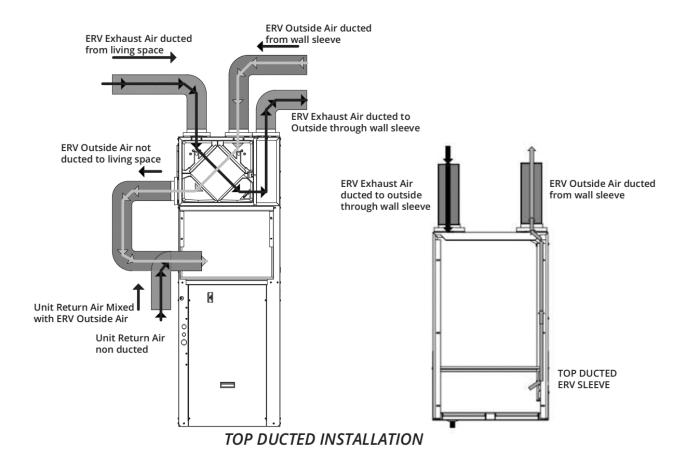


FIGURE 18 - Ductwork

ERV AIR DUCTING

The ERV module requires fresh/exhaust air ducted from/to outside the building and return air ducted from the occupied space. The ERV supply can be discharged into the open return of the closet. If the unit return air is ducted, the ERV supply air must be ducted into the return as well for proper ventilation and filtration. Examples on ducting the ERV air flow, refer to FIGURE 19 – ERV AIRFLOW PATHS





All ductwork must be installed in accordance with National Fire Protection Assoc. Codes 90A and 90B



The Fresh Pak wall sleeve with integrated ventilation air intake and exhaust ports ensures a minimum of 36" of separation between the ventilation air intake and exhaust discharge.

FIGURE 19-ERV AIRFLOW PATHS

CONDENSATE DRAIN

The FRESH-PAK is designed so that the wall sleeve is the principle drain pan. Drain tubing is factory installed which drains evaporator condensate though the bottom of the unit which then is allowed to drain into the wall sleeve pan.

Condensate drain lines must be installed with adequate slope to ensure positive drainage.

Prior to unit installation ensure that the drain is unobstructed and leak free.

A

CAUTION



On units with plastic drain pans, the drain connection must be made hand tight only.

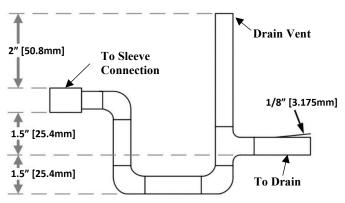


FIGURE 20 - Condensate Drain



NOTE



While preparing unit for installation, ensure that the drain tubing from the evaporator is securely attached to the copper nipple in the pan under the compressor. The wall sleeve has a ¾in. NPT nipple located in the bottom for connection to a drain (FIGURE 20 - Condensate Drain). A trap may be required in the condensate drain line to prevent sewer gas from escaping into the room.

Operating Range °F [°C]							
Condition	Cooling						
Condition	Min	Max					
Outdoor	60 [15 6]	115 [46 1]					
DB	60 [15.6]	115 [46.1]					
Indoor DB	60 [15.6]	90 [32.2]					
Table 8 – Unit Operating Range							

AIR FILTER

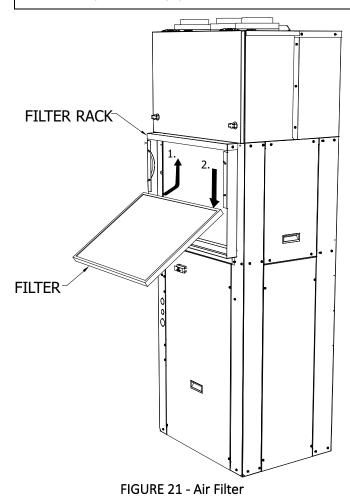
All indoor return air must be filtered. The preferred methods are listed below.

- 1. Use the factory supplied filter kit which attaches to the inlet of the evaporator.
- 2. Use the filter kit supplied with the access panel which accepts an 18 in. [45.72 cm] x 20 in. [50.8 cm] x 1 in. [2.54 cm] (or 2 in. [5.08 cm]) throwaway type of filter.
- 3. If a field installed filter rack is installed in the return air system, the filter must not be smaller than the surface area of the evaporator coil.





DO NOT operate this equipment without an air filter.



EFE, EWF Series – IOM (Rev. A 1/25)

ELECTRICAL

HIGH VOLTAGE



IMPORTANT



Electrical work associated with the installation of this appliance must comply with the National Electrical Code (NEC). Other local or regional electrical and building code requirements may apply.

In Canada electrical work associated with the installation of this appliance must comply with CE CSA C22



WARNING



The unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted / unbroken ground to minimize personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. Failure to do so can cause electrical shock resulting in severe personal injury or death.

Ensure field wiring complies with local and national fire, safety, and electrical codes. Ensure voltage supply is within limits shown on unit rating plate. Contact the local power company for correction of improper voltage. Refer to the unit rating plate for recommended circuit protection device.



WARNING





ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD



Disconnect all power supplies before servicing. Lock out/tag out to prevent accidental electrical shock.

NOTE: There may be multiple power sources supplying the unit.



WARNING



USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY!

Install all parts and panels before operation of unit. Failure to follow these warnings can result in personal injury or death.

Units are provided with a class 2 transformer for 24VAC control circuits. Should any add-on accessory or component also have a class 2 transformer furnished, care must be taken to prevent interconnecting outputs of the two transformers by using a thermostat with isolating contacts.



WARNING



Electrically ground the unit. Connect ground wire to ground lug. Failure to do so can result in injury or death.



WARNING



Do not bypass or eliminate safety devices.



CAUTION



Any device that has been furnished by the factory for field installation must be wired in strict accordance with the associated wiring diagram. Failure to properly wire the unit may damage components and void warranties.



WARNING



Connect ground wire to ground terminal marked "GND". Failure to properly ground the unit may result in personal injury or death.

208 VOLT OPERATION

All 208-240 Volt units are factory wired for 240 Volt operation. For 208 Volt operation; on the primary side of the transformer (line voltage), move the black wire from the 230 volt tap to the 208 volt tap. See note on unit wiring diagram for instructions.

LOW VOLTAGE THERMOSTAT

A minimum 24 VAC Ventilation thermostat is required to operate the FRESH-PAK unit. Thermostat is required with a fan signal (G) in all operating Modes). Thermostat connections and functions are as follows:

	THERMOSTAT CONNECTIONS KEY						
LETTER	COLOR	DESCRIPTION					
С	BROWN	Transformer 24VAC Common					
R	RED	Transformer 24VAC Hot					
G	GREEN	Evaporator Blower					
U	YELLOW	ERV Comfort Common					
Υ	BLUE	Compressor Contactor					
Y2	PINK	Compressor 2 nd stage					
W2	BLACK	Auxiliary Heating					

Table 9 - Thermostat Connections Key

THERMOSTAT INSTALLATION

Use 18 AWG wire with color–coded insulation (35°C minimum) up to 100 ft. in length (31 m). Use 16 AWG wire if more than 100 ft. of wire is required

The Thermostat should be located on an interior wall in a larger room, away from supply duct draft. Position the thermostat back plate against the wall so that it appears level and so the thermostat wires protrude through the middle of the back plate mounting holes and drill holes with a 3/16 in. bit. Install supplied anchors and secure plate to the wall. Thermostat wire must be 18 AWC wire.

CONTROLS

ECO SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS - COOL MODE

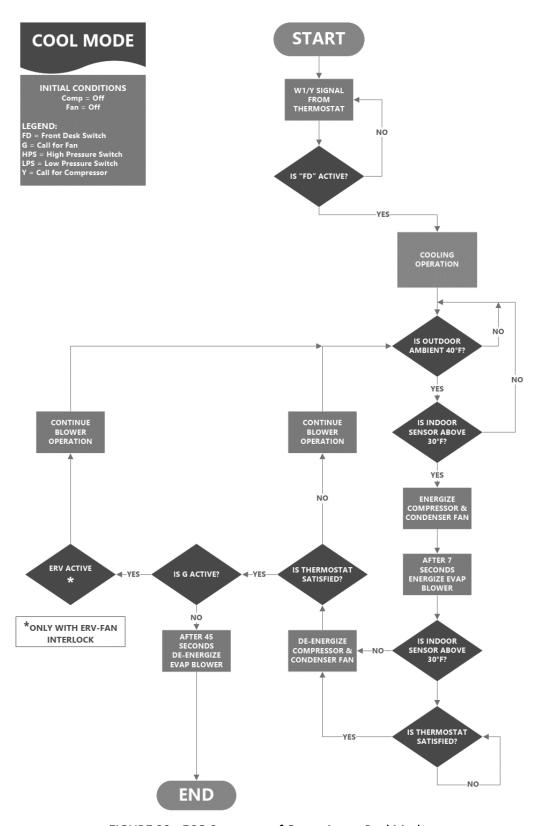


FIGURE 22 - ECO Sequence of Operations - Cool Mode

ECO SERIES CONTROL MODULE

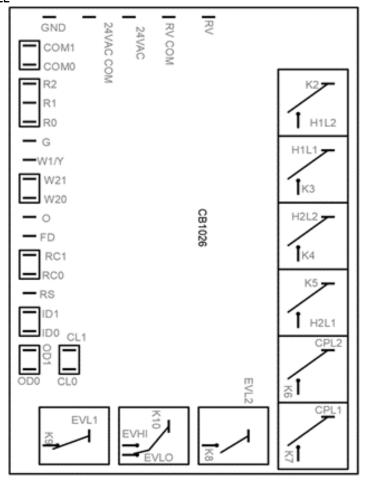


FIGURE 23 - ECO Series Control Module

POWER-UP

When power is first applied to the control, all timers are reset. The control will execute a random start delay before allowing normal operation of outputs, and a compressor anti short cycle delay (6 minute) before allowing the compressor output to be energized. While the control is operating, all of the inputs are continuously monitored for a change in the desired operating status.

RANDOM START DELAY

There will be a control random start delay which will vary from 10 to 60 seconds, which will be executed before energizing outputs when the control is powered up. All control outputs remain off during the random start delay.

ANTI-SHORT CYCLE DELAY

After the compressor output has been energized the control will execute a 6-minute anti short cycle delay from the time the compressor is de-energized, before allowing the compressor output to be energized again. A 6-minute anti short cycle delay will be present at control power up, before allowing the compressor output to be energized.

POWER INTERRUPTIONS

If the power to the control is interrupted for less than 100 milliseconds, the control shall resume operation at the same point in the timing cycle if the compressor output is not energized. Relays may temporarily drop out during the power interruption. Power interruptions greater than 100 milliseconds are to reset the control as a power- sequence. If the power to the control is interrupted for more than 40 milliseconds with the compressor output energized, the compressor output will be de-energized, and the control will execute a short cycle delay before allowing the compressor to operate.

COOLING OPERATION STEADY STATE COOLING

When the "W1/Y" input is present, and the compressor is not being held off by the anti-short cycle timer, the control will operate in steady state cooling. In steady state cooling, the compressor and condenser fan are energized. After a 7 second delay the evaporator fan is energized. For units with 2-stage compressors, if the only the "W1/Y1" input is present, the control will operate in low speed cooling, energizing the low speed evaporator fan. If the "Y2" input is applies with a "W1,Y1" input, the unit will operate in full speed cooling and energize the high speed evaporator fan.

If the W2 input is applied to the control, the auxiliary heat output will be energized immediately. The compressor and condenser outputs will be shut off and the evaporator fan will switch to low speed. When the "W2" input is removed, the auxiliary output will be turned off immediately, and the control will return to steady state cooling mode, assuming the "W1/Y" input is still present.

When the "W1/Y" input is removed, the compressor and condenser fan will be turned off immediately. For 2 stage units, if a "Y2" input is applied without a "W1/Y1", the compressor will not energize, however the high speed evaporator fan will energize. The high-speed evaporator fan will be turned off following a 45 second blower off delay.

LOW AMBIENT SHUTDOWN

When the control is operating in steady state cooling, and the "INDOOR" input is applied (temperature 30°F [-1°C] and below), the control will immediately de-energize the compressor and condenser fan. The high-speed evaporator will be turned off following a 45 second blower off delay. The compressor will go into an anti-short cycle delay for 6 minutes.

LOW AMBIENT COOLING LOCKOUT

When the control is operating in steady state cooling and the "COOLING LOCKOUT" input is applied (Outside Temperature of 40°F [4.4°C] or less) the control will continue to operate for 10 minutes. After 10 minutes, if the "COOLING LOCKOUT" is still active the cooling operation will be locked out for 30 minutes and run high speed evaporator during the lockout. After 30 minutes the control will be returned to normal operation.

AUXILIARY HEATING OPERATION THERMOSTAT CALL FOR AUXILIARY HEAT

If the "W2" thermostat input is present without a "W1/Y" input, the control will operate in the auxiliary heat mode. The low-speed evaporator fan and the auxiliary heat output will be energized immediately when the "W2" input is received. When the "W2" input is removed, all of the outputs will be turned off immediately

If the "W2" thermostat input is present with a "W1/Y" input, the control will switch the system to auxiliary heat mode and will de-energize the compressor and condenser fan immediately.

LOW ROOM AMBIENT AUXILIARY HEAT

If the "RS" low room temperature input becomes active (switch closes), the control will operate in the auxiliary heat mode, regardless of any other control inputs. The low-speed evaporator fan and the first stage auxiliary heat outputs will be energized immediately when the "RS" input is received. After a 15 second staging delay, the second stage auxiliary heat output will be energized. When the "RS" input is removed, all of the outputs will be turned off immediately.

DEFROST LOCKOUT

When the control has inputs for first or second stage heating, and the "OUTDOOR DEFROST" input is removed (switch opens), the compressor and condenser fan outputs are de-energized, and the evaporator fan switches to low speed. If the auxiliary heat outputs are not already active, the first stage of auxiliary heat is energized immediately, and the second stage is energized after 15 seconds.

Any time the "OUTDOOR DEFROST" input is removed (switch opens), a six (6) hour timer is activated and the compressor and condenser fan will not operate until the time has expired. During the time the compressor and condenser fan are locked out, the auxiliary heat will be energized any time there is a "Y" or a "W2" input.

CONTINUOUS FAN OPERATION

If no other thermostat inputs are present, the low-speed evaporator fan output will be energized when the "G" thermostat input is active. If either or both of the "Y" or W2" inputs are present, the operation of the evaporator fan will be based upon those inputs, and the "G" thermostat input will be ignored. compressor and condenser fan and will only allow auxiliary heat operation. In the case of the "W2" input interrupting the compressor operation, the auxiliary heat will continue to operate until the thermostat is no longer calling for heat.

THERMOSTAT INPUT OPERATION (Y, W2)

If both "Y" and "W2" thermostat inputs are active, the control will lock out or interrupt the operation of the compressor and condenser fan and will only allow auxiliary heat operation. In the case of "W2" input interrupting the compressor operation, the auxiliary heat will continue to operate until the thermostat is no longer calling for heat.

FIELD SPEEDUP MODE

The field speedup mode is entered by applying R (24VAC) to Y (active) without "B" being active (Cooling Mode), and closing the cooling lockout sensor switch (24VAC applied to the terminal). The field speedup mode is automatically canceled after 5 minutes. While in the filed speedup mode, control timings will be reduced as follows:

Random Start Delay 0 Seconds
Short Cycle Delay 5 seconds
Cooling Blower off Delay 0 Seconds
Auxiliary Heat Staging Delay 1 Second

FRONT DESK SHUTDOWN OPERATION

If the front desk shutdown input "FD" is removed (switch opens), operation based upon the "Y", "W2" and "G" thermostat input will be prohibited. Auxiliary heat operation based upon the low room ambient temperature input "RS" is the only heating or cooling operation that will be allowed. When the "FD" input is re-applied (switch closes), the control will return to normal operation based upon the thermostat inputs.



From the factory this will not shutdown the ERV. This will only shutdown the Heating/Cooling modes.

A2L SENSING AND MITIGATION

Units charged with over 4lbs (1.81kg) of R454B refrigerant are shipped with a factory installed refrigerant leak detector attached to the evaporator coil. In the event that a refrigerant leak is detected, the controls will disable the compressor operation, and energize the evaporator fan to disperse the leaked refrigerant. The unit will operate in this mitigation state until the sensor no longer detects a refrigerant leak, for a minimum time of 5 minutes. Once the mitigation period has ended, the unit will return to its normal operation based on the current thermostat inputs. An LED status light is provided with the sensor for diagnostic purposes, the description of the LED status light signals can be found in the troubleshooting section.

ERV CONTROL MODULE

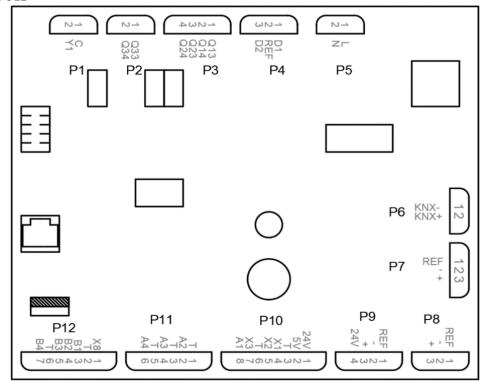


FIGURE 24 - ERV Control Module

ERV CONTROL MODULE KEY						
INTERFACE	TYPE	NOTE				
B1, B2, B3, B4	Analog Input	Al				
D1, D2, D3, D1	1: Resistor NTC10k					
	Analog Input	Al				
X1, X2	1: Measuring 010V					
	2) Tacho pulse (max. 300Hz)					
	Analog / Digital (Binary) Input	AI, BI				
Х3	1: Measuring 010V					
	2: Potential free contact (NO or NC)					
A1 A2 A2 A <i>1</i>	Analog Output	AO				
A1, A2, A3, A4	1: Signal 010V					
	Analog / Digital (Binary) Input	AI, BI				
X8	1: Resistor NTC10K					
	2: Potential free contact (NO or NC)					
D1 D2	Digital (Binary) input	BI				
D1, D2	1: Potential free contact (NO or NC)					
Q1, Q2, Q3	Relay (Binary) Output	ВО				
Q1, Q2, Q3	1: Potential free contact (NO)					
	Digital (Binary) / Analog Output triac VAC	BO, AO				
Y1	1: Signal On/Off					
	2: Signal PWN (constant period)					
	Table 10 - ERV Control MODULE KEY					



ERV DEFAULT CONFIGURATION

The controller's I/O are preconfigured for the following applications:

- Supply exhaust fan speed control
- Outside air damper control (on off)
- Contact input for rapid ventilation (Fan boost) and occupied operating mode
- Common alarm output

DEFAULT ERV CONFIGURATION							
PIN	DESCRIPTION	BACNET OBJECT	SIGNAL TYPE	NOTE			
B1	Outside air temperature	TOa	NTC10k				
B2	Supply air temperature	TSu	NTC10k				
В3	Exhaust air temperature	TEh	NTC10k				
B4	Extract air temperature	TEx	NTC10k				
D1	Rapid ventilation input	RpdVntln	Contact	NO			
D2	Input room operating mode Comfort	OpModRin	Contact	NO			
X1	Supply air fan speed feedback pulse	FanSuSpdFb	030 Hz				
X2	Exhaust air fan speed feedback pulse	FanEhSpdFb	030 Hz				
X3*	None	-	-				
X8*	None	-	-				
Q1*	None	-	-				
Q2	None	-	=				
Q3	Outside air damper command	DmpOaCmd	Relay				
A1	Supply air fan speed	FanSuSpd	010V				
A2	Exhaust air fan speed	FanEhSpd	010V				
А3	Mixing air damper position	MADmpPos	010V				
A4	Outside air damper position	OADmpPos	010V				
Y1	None	-	-				
*Not a	*Not active from the factory will require field configuration						

Table 11 - Default ERV Configuration

ERV Modes of Operation								
OPERATING MODE	CATEGORY	OPERATING VIA	DURATION	ACTIVATION SIGNAL				
Protection	Off mode	APP, DI	Permanent					
Unoccupied	Normal or away mode	APP, POS8, DI	Permanent or TSP					
Economy	Normal mode	APP, POS8, DI	Permanent or TSP					
Comfort	Normal or Home mode	APP, POS8, DI	Permanent or TSP					
Fan boost (Rapid ventilation)	Temporary mode	APP, POS8, DI	Temporary	Continuous or pulse signal (Duration can be parameterized)				
Table 12 - ERV Modes of Operation								

ERV DEFAULT CONFIGURATION OPERATING MODE CATEGORIES

The following selectable operating modes belong to operating mode categories.

NORMAL MODES

The normal modes Unoccupied, Economy, and Comfort are the main operating modes that can be applied for a constant and, if desired, infinite time. For each one, certain settings are defined, which sensibly apply to the corresponding state of the system.

- **Unoccupied** the building is unoccupied and the system is operated with the most essential settings needed.
- **Economy** The building is occupied, but the system is operated with economical, energy efficient settings
- **Comfort** The building is occupied and the system is operated according to the needs of the user.

TEMPORARY MODES

The modes Fan Boost, is a temporary mode that can only be activated for a certain, settable time. The temporary mode is activated either via POS8.44X0 or configured digital input as an impulse button or, when pressed longer, as an "egg timer".

Once activated, they override all normal operating mode and for the set time, the dedicated settings for the temporary mode apply, which mostly concerns the fan speed.

SIGNAL FOR FAN BOOST

If the duration of the signal is <5 seconds:

• The Signal is interpreted as an impulse: The temporary mode is started and only stopped when the timer has expired.

If the duration of the signal is >5 seconds:

• The signal is interpreted as an "egg timer": Temporary modes is started when the signal is activated and stopped when the signal is inactive.

OFF MODE

The operating mode Protection switches the system into a form of "Off" mode in which the fans no longer run. However, the system is not switched off completely, individual pumps can continue to operate and the frost protection strategy continues to run for as long as has been set. The Protection mode can only be set in the configuration and cannot be set by the end user themselves (neither via app nor POS8.44x0).

OPERATING MODE SETTING

The settings for the operating modes define the specific settings for the supply and exhaust fans for all operating modes and for the speed and flow control strategies. These settings are configured by the installer. The end user has no option to change the values for the operating modes.

For Comfort, Economy, and Unoccupied modes, dedicated settings for temperature can be defined. The temporary operating modes Fan Boost, In-roomsensor, have no dedicated temperature settings. For these modes, the settings of Comfort mode apply.

FAN SPEED CONTROL

Supply fan and exhaust fan set points have defined setting for each operating mode level. Individual percentage value is used between 0---100%. These settings only define the fan speed used in various operating modes and they have no effect on other functions like de-icing.

During active temperature control, values set here are used as maximum speed (80%). Depending on deviations to set point, temperature control can freely increase/decrease the speed of both fans simultaneously with symmetrical control signal which then keeps the set supply/exhaust ratio in every situation.

FAN BOOST

The Fan Boost mode can be activated as a temporary mode to temporarily increase ventilation, e.g., after a bath or in a sauna. In this case, Fan boost is activated directly and kept active until the set time has elapsed. The Fan boost mode uses the fan speeds defined for the Comfort operating mode.

PASSIVE HEAT EXCHANGER, UNCONTROLLED (PLTHEXG22Y)

The purpose of energy recovery is to absorb heat/cold from the exhaust air and transfer it back to the supply air side. The control of the energy recovery is not possible, the ERC always works with maximum capacity. With this solution, the outside air cannot be used for heating or cooling even if the outside air is closer to the set point than the exhaust air (e.g., in rooms with a high internal load or when heating up after cold nights.)

C DE-ICING (PASSIVE, UNCONTROLLED)

Passive Energy Recovery units are basically just heat exchangers. They receive warm and humid air on one side and cold on the other which will eventually cumulate ice on the surfaces when the conditions are suitable for that. Passive element usually starts to cumulate ice close to 32° F [0° C].

ERV DEFAULT CONFIGURATION <u>DETECTING ICE ON THE HEAT EXCHANGER OR IN THE</u> DUCT WORK

Detecting ice on the heat exchanger or in the ductwork is possible.

- With exhaust air temperature sensor TE_h. This is not a real indication, but an expectation that ice is expected to build up.
 - o Deicing with TE_h sensor starts with TE_h is below the limit.
 - The end of the de-icing phase cannot be detected and is estimated via timer.
- With outside air sensor TO_a. This is used when no exhaust air sensors are available. It is also only an expectation that ice has built up.
 - o De-icing with TO_a sensor starts when the TO_a is below the limit.
 - o The end of the de-icing phase cannot be detected as is estimated via timer.

DE-ICING THE HEAT EXCHANGER

De-icing is possible by:

- Reducing the supply fan speed, so that the load of cold air incoming is reduced, increasing the exhaust air temperature.
- Preheating the outside air, increasing the exhaust air temperature.

DE-ICING MODES

The de-icing mode can be configured as:

- No De-icing
- Reduce fan speed
- Increase preheating
- Reduce fan speed and increase preheating

Deicing with fan speed is running in parallel or with 2-stage, see below.

TIME BASED DE-ICING STARTED BY TEh OR TOa

The sensor is not suitable for detecting the end of the de-icing phase. Therefore, a fixed de-icing time is used. After de-icing is finished, an off time is started until the next de-icing phase can be started again. The duration of the off time depends on the measured temperature at

the start of the de-icing phase. De-icing time, maximum off time with assigned temperature and minimum off time with assigned temperature can be configured.

<u>DE-ICING WITH REDUCED FAN SPEED STARTED BY TEH</u> <u>OR TOa</u>

The temperatures have 2 adjustable limits. The limit SpTDeicFan (stage 2) starts de-icing with the fan speed. During deicing, fan speed for supply fan and exhaust fan are reduced to configurable values. For faster de-icing, it is possible to set supply fan speed set point even to 0%. In this case electric heaters in the supply air are blocked.

ERC SUPERVISION (PASSIVE, UNCONTROLLED)

A mechanical failure on the ERV (heat exchanger dirty etc.) can be detected via the efficiency of the heat exchanger. Therefore, the temperature difference between extract air / room air and exhaust air is used. When the difference drops below set value and stays below during set delay time, alarm is generated. Detection function is active only when temperature difference between outside air and extract air is more than set limit. When extract air temperature and exhaust air temperature are not available, the supervision of the ERV is not possible.

PRIORITY LIST

Different functions require priorities over the other functions so that logical/critical operation can be guaranteed.

- Safety functions (field configured)
 - Off by smoke detector, emergency, supply air temperature or extract air temperature
 - o Off by fire damper closed
 - o Purge or smoke extract by smoke detector
- Protection functions
 - o A-Alarms for plant protection
 - o ERC de-icing function
- Switch or push-button operations
 - Rapid ventilation mode (Configured B1, POS8)
 - Comfort mode (Conf. B1), Fireplace (Conf. B1), Off mode (Conf. B1), Eco mode (Conf. B1)
 - Maintenance function
- User operation
 - Present / Away button
 - Manual operation
- Automatic Function
 - Scheduler operation mode

ERV DEFAULT CONFIGURATION OUTSIDE AIR DAMPERS (DMPSHOFFOA11Y)

When ventilation is active the outside air dampers are always open. Damper(s) are controlled open/close from one binary output. Delay time for outside air damper opening can be defined to secure that damper is fully open before fans are started.

STARTUP / SHUT-DOWN SEQUENCE

For safe and optimum operation of the ventilation unit, special switch-on and switch-off sequences are used to switch the ventilation off and on again. The ventilation unit is normally not "switched off", but can be switched off for maintenance work or in emergency situations. This can be done by opening the ERV maintenance panel releasing the door switch signal or by powering down whole FRESH-PAK system. The start –up sequence is used every time except in emergency situations. The start-up sequence applies also for fire damper test function which is performed automatically.

STARTUP SEQUENCES

- 1. Start is initiated.
- 2. Only after power return. Delay time step 2 (to secure startup time for valves, fire dampers and ERV)
- 3. If available open the outside air dampers. Delay time step 3 (to secure dampers fully open). If damper output cannot be switched, an A-Alarm is activated, the startup process is stopped.
- 4. ERV ramps up to maximum speed. Heat exchangers bypass closes. Exhaust fan starts and ramps up to comfort mode speed. If exhaust fan speed is monitored, and the feedback signals is not received within the delay time, an A-Alarm is activated, the starting process is stopped. Delay time step 5 (to secure "heating up" of heat exchanger)
- 5. Supply fan starts and ramps up to "unoccupied" mode speed Delay time step 6. If supply fan speed is monitored, and the feedback signal is not received within the delay time, and A-Alarm is activated, the starting process is stopped.
- 6. Both fans ramp to required operating mode speed. Delay time step 6 preparing for normal operation.
- 7. Normal operating mode is started.

SHUTDOWN SEQUENCES

Executed after normal operation or if startup is interrupted after step 4 is finished. Shutdown sequence is not used in emergency situations.

- 1. Shutdown is initiated.
- 2. Both fans ramp down to stop.
- 3. Close the outside air dampers, same time as in start-up step 5.
- 4. Plant is "Off".



NOTE



The ERV portion of the FRESH-PAK can be switched off using the BACnet. The stop sequence is executed by activating the input PrtOpModRIn or the BACnet object PitShD.

These functions override all other influences except the emergency control and protection control.

ERV ALARM FUNCTIONS GENERAL

The application uses 2 different alarm classes:

An **A-Alarm** indicated as important and urgent situation. IF an A-Alarm is triggered, the unit shuts down. An **A-Alarm** must be acknowledged and can only be reset after cause of alarm is eliminated.

A **B-Alarm** indicates a less urgent maintenance incident and during active B-Alarm, the unit runs either normally or is still in acceptable conditions to run (without major problems).

The installer can configure alarm for certain errors and can chose between A-Alarm, B-Alarm or no alarm. Alarms must be acknowledged and as soon as the cause for each alarm is eliminated, normal operation is resumed. If one or more reasons still exist, acknowledgement does not rest that specific alarm and operation might not continue normally. All alarms are shown with a time stamp and entry to nonvolatile storage for each "change of state". Five different alarm state are used in the application and they are valid for both A and B-alarms. These different states are meant to give additional information for different users and different situations. Relay operation is depending on actual configuration.



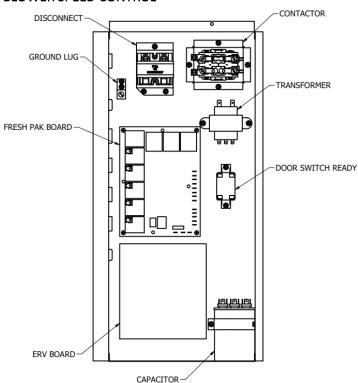
NOTE



See Troubleshooting section for additional alarm details.

For more information on ERV Alarm Function please see the **TROUBLESHOOTING** Section.

BLOWER SPEED CONTROL



FRESH-PAK units are equipped with a direct drive ECM blower motor. See the **BLOWER DATA** section for airflow at different external static pressure. Select the motor speed according to the airflow and external static pressure. See wiring diagram located on unit.

For FRESH-PAK models, the default motor tap selections can be changed by directly changing the speed tap at the motor terminal.

FIGURE 25 - Controls Box Detail



BLOWER DATA

					EFE B	LOWER D	ATA					
			IWC STATIC PRESSURE									
MODEL	Motor	Motor	0.10		0.20		0.30		0.40		0.50	
	Тар	Speed	SCFM	W	SCFM	W	SCFM	W	SCFM	W	SCFM 352 384 441 412 381 440 570 617 700 660 617 700 769 617 700 617 700 617 700 617 700 617 769 798 736 769 798 823 769 798 728 622 836 776 622 836 847	W
	1	T1H	446	66	421	70	398	75	376	80	352	84
EFE12203	2	T2C	478	77	453	82	429	86	408	41	384	95
	3	Т3	535	101	510	105	487	110	465	41	441	119
	1	T1H	477	86	464	93	448	100	430	105	412	108
EFE12205	2	T2C	446	73	433	81	417	87	399	41	381	95
	3	Т3	505	98	492	106	476	112	458	41	440	121
	1	T1H	703	126	663	126	637	129	604	129	570	126
EFE182205	2	T2C	749	146	709	146	683	149	651	149	617	146
	3	Т3	832	189	792	189	766	191	734	191	SCFM 352 384 441 412 381 440 570 617 700 660 617 700 769 617 700 617 700 617 769 798 736 769 798 823 769 798 823 769 798 728 622 836 776 622 836	189
EEE192207	1	T1H	792	167	752	167	726	170	694	170	660	167
EFE182207	2	T2C	749	146	709	146	683	149	651	149	617	146
EFE182207	3	Т3	832	189	792	189	766	191	734	191	700	189
	1	T1H	901	233	861	234	835	236	803	236	769	233
EFE182210	2	T2C	749	146	709	146	683	149	651	149	617	146
	3	Т3	832	189	792	189	766	191	734 191 651 149	191	700	189
	1	T1H	749	146	709	146	683	149	651	149	617	146
EFE24205	2	T2C	901	233	861	234	835	236	803	236	769	233
	3	T3	931	255	891	255	865	257	832	257	798	255
	1	T1H	868	211	828	211	802	214	770	214	0 660 9 617 1 700 6 769 9 617 1 700 9 617 1 700 9 617 6 769 7 798 4 736 6 769 7 798 7 798 7 823 6 769	211
EFE24207	2	T2C	901	233	861	234	835	236	803	236	769	233
	3	T3	931	255	891	255	865	257	832	257	798	255
	1	T1H	956	274	916	275	890	277	857	277	823	275
EFE24210	2	T2C	901	233	861	234	835	236	803	236	769	233
	3	T3	931	255	891	255	865	257	832	257	798	255
	1	T1H	873	215	843	215	802	209	771	204	728	194
EFE30205	2	T2CL	767	155	736	154	696	148	665	143	622	134
	3	ТЗСН	981	287	950	287	910	281	879	276	836	266
	1	T1H	922	247	891	246	851	240	820	235	776	226
EFE30207	2	T2CL	767	155	736	154	696	148	665	143	622	134
	3	тзсн	981	287	950	287	910	281	879	276	836	266
	1	T1H	992	295	962	295	921	289	890	284	847	274
EFE30210	2	T2CL	767	155	736	154	696	148	665	143	622	134
EFE182207 EFE182210 EFE24205 EFE24210 EFE30205 EFE30207	3	тзсн	981	287	950	287	910	281	879	276	836	266
						TABLE 13						

^cFactory Default Cooling and heat Pump Airflow, L denotes Low speed and H denotes High speed for Two Stage units ^HFactory Default Electric Heat Airflow

Blower performance data based on a dry coil at 70 degrees Fahrenheit DB EAT with standard 1" clean air filter

T3 is reserved for high static operation

BLOWER DATA (continued)

					EFW E	BLOWER I	DATA					
			IWC STATIC PRESSURE									
MODEL	Motor Tap	Motor Speed	0.	10	0.	0.20		0.30		40	0.50	
		opecu.	SCFM	W	SCFM	W	SCFM	W	SCFM	W	0.50 SCFM 352 384 528 606 611 611 707 762 759 759 767 612 842 839 623 839	w
MODEL EFW122R EFW1822R EFW1823R EFW2422R EFW2422R EFW3022R	1	T1 ^H	446	66	421	70	398	75	376	80	352	84
	2	T2 ^c	478	77	453	82	429	86	408	41	384	95
EFW1822R	1	T1 ^H	660	110	624	112	595	112	560	110	528	108
ELANTOSSK	2	T2 ^c	739	141	702	143	674	144	638	142	W SCFM N 80 352 8 8 41 384 5 9 110 528 1 142 606 1 148 611 1 1 193 707 1 1 228 762 2 2 233 759 2 2 234 767 2 143 612 1 286 842 2 287 839 2 151 623 1	140
EE\W1022B	1	T1 ^H	744	148	709	149	681	150	648	148	611	144
ELANTOSOK	2	T2 ^c	744	148	709	149	681	150	648	148	611	144
EE/M2422B	1	T1 ^H	839	193	803	195	774	195	739	193	707	191
EFVVZ4ZZK	2	T2 ^c	895	228	859	230	830	230	795	228	762	226
EE/M2422B	1	T1 ^H	893	233	858	234	830	235	797	233	759	229
EFVVZ4Z3N	2	T2 ^c	893	233	858	234	830	235	797	W SCFM 80 352 41 384 110 528 142 606 148 611 148 611 193 707 228 762 233 759 234 767 143 612 286 842 287 839 151 623	229	
	1	T1 ^H	916	250	883	247	850	243	811	234	767	224
EFW3022R	2	T2 ^{CL}	761	159	728	156	695	151	655	143	612	133
	3	T2 ^{CH}	991	302	958	299	925	294	886	286	842	276
	1	T1 ^H	992	304	954	300	921	294	882	287	839	277
EFW3023R	2	T2 ^{CL}	776	168	738	164	705	159	667	151	623	141
	3	T2 ^{CH}	992	304	954	300	921	294	882	W SCFM 80 352 41 384 110 528 142 606 148 611 148 611 193 707 228 762 233 759 234 767 143 612 286 842 287 839 151 623	839	277
						TABLE 14						

FIELD ERV ACCESSORIES

FIELD ERV ACCESSORIES CONNECTIONS

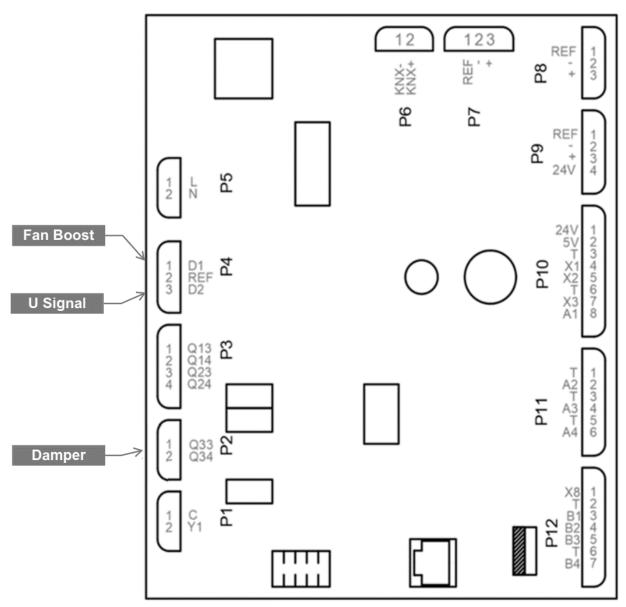


FIGURE 26 - Field ERV Accessories Connections

FIELD ERV ACCESSORIES

INSTALLATION



IMPORTANT



Installation must be Manufacturer Approved.

OUTSIDE AIR DAMPER

The FRESH-PAK ERV control allows for the addition of a motorized outside air damper. This is to help prevent any back draft air from entering the space while the ERV is not operating.



NOTE



Damper must be 24V and normally closed.

- 1. Power down FRESH-PAK unit.
- Attach 24V lead to Q3 (See FIGURE 27 Outside Air Damper Connection) on the ERV control board.
- 3. Connect the Com lead of the damper to a chassis ground of the FRESH-PAK unit.
- 4. Power on the FRESH-PAK unit.
- 5. Once the ERV restarts (about 1-2 minute delay), verify that the damper opens.

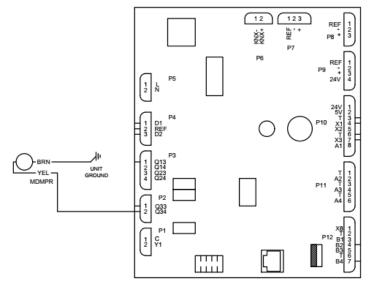


FIGURE 27 - Outside Air Damper Connection

BOOST TIMER

The FRESH-PAK ERV controller has the flexibility to work with many different wall mounted boost timers (egg timer). For typical analog (rotary style) timers follow Version 1 installation method. For digital (120V wall style) follow Version 2 installation.

VERSION 1 (ANALOG)

- 1. Power down FRESH-PAK unit.
- 2. Find the 120V relay in the FRESH-PAK control box. Refer to the applicable wiring diagram Remove the 24V leads from the relay.
- 3. Connect the transformer side 24V lead to the LINE side of you timer switch.
- 4. Connect the LOAD side of the timer switch to the D1 terminal wire [See FIGURE 28 Version 1 (Egg Timer/Analog Connection)].
- 5. Reenergize the FRESH-PAK unit.
- 6. Once the ERV restarts (about 1-2 minutes) activate the timer and confirm the ERV fans go to high speed "Comfort Mode".

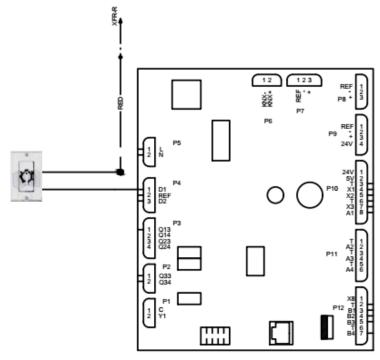


FIGURE 28 - Version 1 (Egg Timer/Analog Connection)

FIELD ERV ACCESSORIES (continued)

VERSION 2 (DIGITAL)

- 1. Power down FRESH-PAK unit.
- Refer to the Installation instructions provided with the 120V digital timer switch. The switch will require its own 120v power source.
- 3. Find the 120V relay in the FRESH-PAK control box. Refer to the applicable wiring diagram.
- 4. Connect the R connection of the timer switch to the 120V pole on the relay.
- **5.** Connect the NEUTRAL side of the timer switch to the remaining pole on the 120V relay (
- 6. FIGURE 29 Version 2 (120V Digital Timer Connection).
- 7. Reenergize the FRESH-PAK unit.
 - 8. Once the ERV restarts (about 1-2 minutes) activate the timer and confirm the ERV fans go

1 2 1 2 3 REF P7监 REF 24V YEL 12345678 X1 X2 T X3 A1 123456 A2 T A3 T A4 X8 T CB85 B1 B2 B3 T B4 BLK

FIGURE 29 - Version 2 (120V Digital Timer Connection)

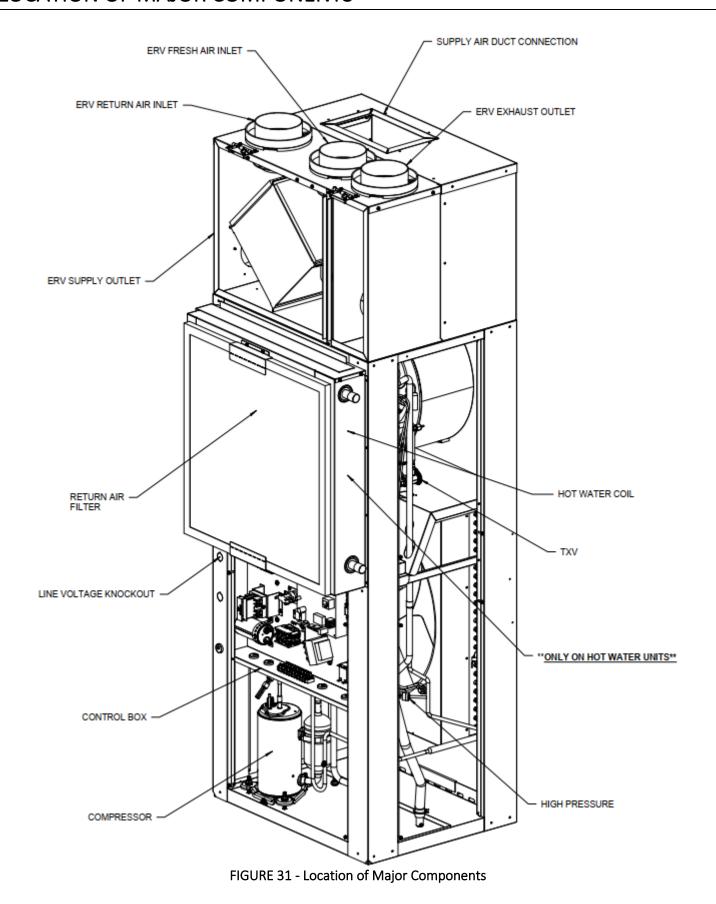
CO2/Humidity Sensor

- 1. Power down FRESH-PAK unit.
- 2. Refer to the Installation instructions provided with the 24V Sensor.
- For sensors with 0-10V PWM fan control use connection A shown in Figure 30 –
 Humidity/CO2 Sensor. For 24V relay activation of fans use the B connections. Insert sensor wires into specified terminals. DO NOT REMOVE ANY EXISTING WIRES FROM ERV CONTROLLER
- 4. Connect the 24V power for the sensor to the R terminal and the 24V Common to the C terminal of the thermostat
- 5. Reenergize the FRESH-PAK unit.
- 6. Once the ERV restarts (about 1-2 minutes) Test the sensor to ensure fan operation.

Notes: See WD85X001 For ERV Control Reference A: For 0-10V PWM control of ERV Fan B: For 24V Relay Activation of ERV FAN XXX XXX 96 P7 -To R- - 4-24V -To C- -4-24V C (A1) To P11-2 (A2) To P10-6-**∢**0-10V 0 To P4-3 ___24V NO Relay (D2) В To P3-1 Relay (Q13) Commor

Figure 30 - Humidity/CO2 Sensor

LOCATION OF MAJOR COMPONENTS



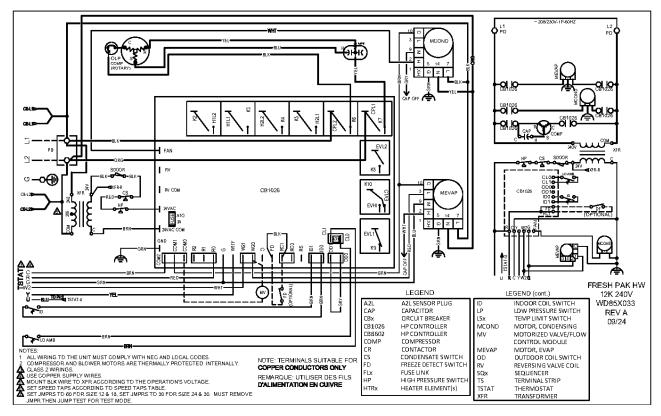


Figure 32 - Fresh Pak HW 12K 240V

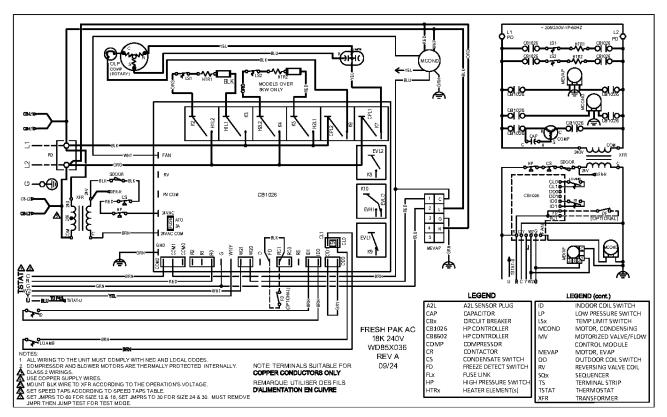


Figure 33 - Fresh Pak AC 18K 240V

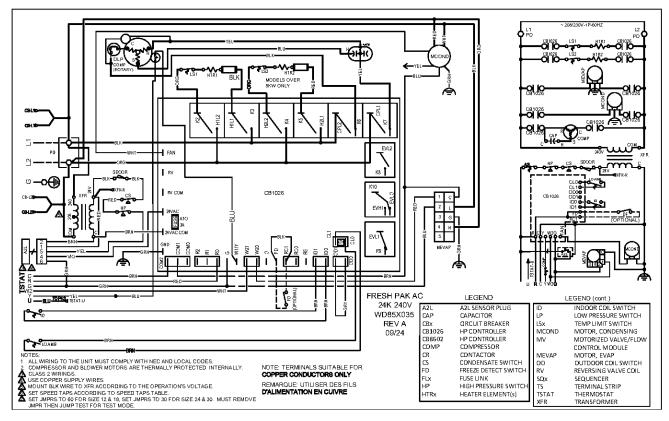


Figure 34 - Fresh Pak AC 24K 240V

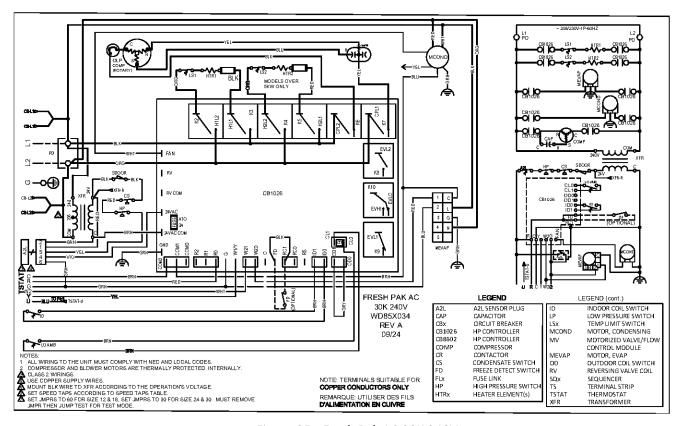


Figure 35 - Fresh Pak AC 30K 240V

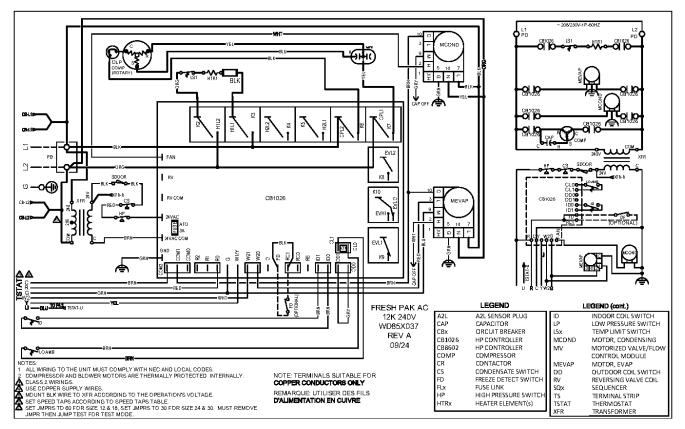


Figure 36 - Fresh Pak AC 12K 240V

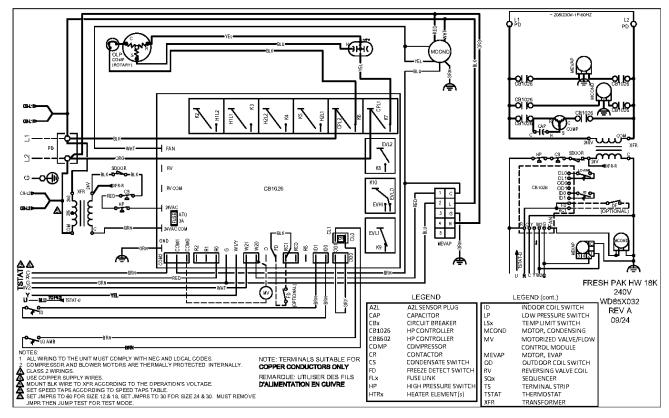


Figure 37 - Fresh Pak HW 18K 240V

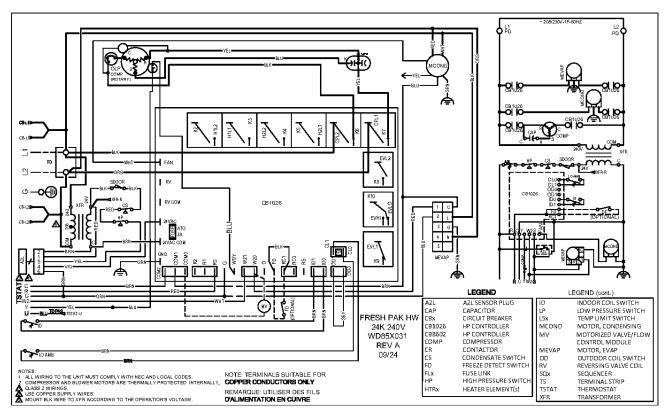


Figure 38 - Fresh Pak HW 24K 240V

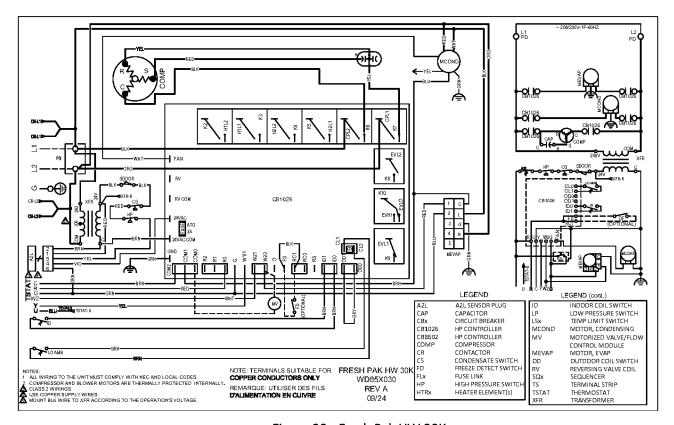


Figure 39 - Fresh Pak HW 30K

CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC

COOLING & HOT WATER ONLY

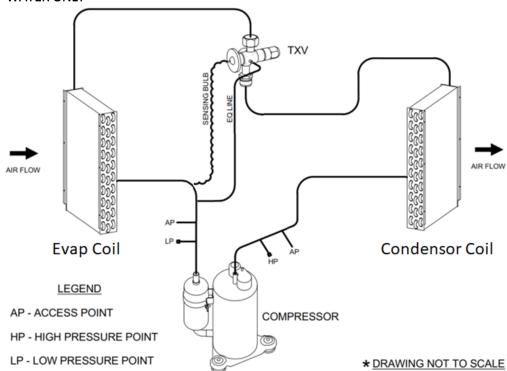


FIGURE 40 - Circuit Schematic (Cooling & Hot Water)

STARTUP INSTRUCTIONS

PRE-STARTUP CHECKS

Before start-up, thoroughly check all the components. Optimal operation of equipment requires cleanliness. Often after installation of the equipment, additional construction activities occur. Protect the equipment from debris during these construction phases.



WARNING





FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD



IMPROPER HANDLING OF REFRIGERANTS CAN CAUSE INJURY, EXPLOSION AND DEATH

- It is illegal to release refrigerant into the atmosphere. Refrigerant released into an enclosed space will displace oxygen causing unconsciousness and death.
- If an indoor refrigerant leak is suspected, thoroughly ventilate the area before beginning any work
- DO NOT purge or allow refrigerant to be released into an interior space
- Contact with liquid refrigerant can cause frostbite and blindness. Avoid skin contact with liquid refrigerant, wear goggles and gloves when working with refrigerants. Seek medical help immediately if any refrigerant contact with skin or eyes occurs
- Never burn refrigerant as highly toxic gas will be produced
- Only EPA certified technicians should handle refrigerants.
- In Canada technicians must be ODP / ODS certified to handle refrigerants
- Follow all EPA regulations



WARNING



Do not supply power to unit with the compressor terminal box cover removed.



WARNING





ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD



Disconnect all power supplies before servicing. Lock out/tag out to prevent accidental electrical shock.



WARNING



Install all parts and panels before operation of unit. Failure to follow these warnings can result in injury or death.



CAUTION



Wire any field installed device such as a fan switch or thermostat furnished by the factory in strict accordance with the wiring diagram supplied with the unit. Failure to properly wire the unit could result in damage to components and will void all warranties.



WARNING



Do not exceed the maximum operating pressure listed on the unit rating plate.

STARTUP INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING





ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD

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Transformers are multi voltage, It is crucial to refer to unit wiring diagram, transformers wiring diagram as well as unit voltage to ensure proper connections and operation safety.

PRIOR TO THE STARTUP OF THE UNIT

- 1. Ensure supply voltage matches nameplate data.
- 2. Ensure the unit is properly grounded
- 3. With the power off, check blower wheel set screws for proper tightness and that the blower wheel rotates freely.
- 4. Ensure unit will be accessible for servicing.
- 5. Ensure condensate line is properly sized, run, trapped, pitched and tested.
- 6. Ensure all cabinet openings and wiring connections have been sealed.
- 7. Ensure clean filters are in place.
- 8. Ensure all access panels are in place and secured.
- 9. Ensure that all air has been vented from the water
- 10. Verify that all electrical connections are tight and secure.
- 11. Check the electrical overcurrent protection and wiring for the correct size.
- 12. Verify that the low voltage wiring between the thermostat and the unit matches the wiring diagram.
- 13. Verify that the water piping is complete and correct.
- 14. Check condensate overflow sensor for proper operation and adjust position if required.

FRESH-PAK COOLING/ELECTRIC HEAT UNITS

1. Set thermostat system switch to "OFF" position and fan switch to "Auto" position. Apply power to the FRESH-PAK Unit.



NOTE



The FRESH-PAK employs a random reset timer which delays unit operation up to 60 seconds following initial power application. Electronic thermostats may also employ internal reset timers which may further delay any changes which are made to the operation of the unit.

- 2. Set fan switch to "On", indoor blower should operate after the reset timer cycle is complete.
- 3. Return fan switch to "Auto", indoor blower should de-energize.
- 4. Set system switch to "Cool" and lower the thermostat set point to coldest setting. The compressor should energize as well as the outdoor fan and indoor blower.



NOTE



The FRESH-PAK employs a compressor short cycle delay (approx. 6 minutes) which will not allow the compressor to immediately restart following shut down. Additional delays may be experienced if using an electronic digital thermostat.

- Return thermostat set point to a temperature warmer than a room temperature and the compressor and outdoor fan should de-energize.
 The indoor blower should remain in operation for an additional 45 seconds, then de-energize.
- 6. Move system switch to "Heat" and raise thermostat to a set point higher than room temperature. The indoor blower and electric heating element(s) should energize.
- 7. Return system switch to "Off" position.



NOTE



The FRESH-PAK employs a random reset timer which delays unit operation up to 60 seconds following initial power application. Electronic thermostats may also employ internal reset timers which may further delay any changes which are made to the operation of the unit.

STARTUP INSTRUCTIONS (continued)



NOTE



The FRESH-PAK employs a compressor short cycle delay (approx. 6 minutes) which will not allow the compressor to immediately restart following shut down. Additional delays may be experienced if using an electronic digital thermostat.

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NOTE



The FRESH-PAK employs a compressor lock out which will not allow the compressor and electric heaters to energize at the same time.



NOTE



The FRESH-PAK features a low ambient compressor lock out switch, which limits the refrigerant system operation when the sensor detects a temperature less than 40°F in the outdoor section of the cabinet.

FRESH-PAK COOLING WITH HOT WATER UNITS

1. Set thermostat system switch to "Off" position and fan switch to "Auto" position. Apply power to the FRESH-PAK HW unit.



NOTE



The FRESH-PAK employs a random reset timer which delays unit operation up to 60 seconds following initial power application. Electronic thermostats may also employ internal reset timers which may further delay any changes which are made to the operation of the unit.

- 2. Set fan switch to "On", indoor blower should operate after the rest timer cycle is complete.
- 3. Return fan switch to "Auto", indoor blower should de-energize.
- Set system switch to "Cool" and lower thermostat set point to coldest setting. The compressor should energize as well as the outdoor fan and the indoor blower.
- 5. Return thermostat set point to a temperature warmer than a room temperature and the compressor and outdoor fan should de-energize. The indoor blower should remain in operation for an additional 45 seconds, then de-energize.
- 6. Move system switch to "Heat" and raise the thermostat to a set point higher than room temperature. The indoor blower and field supplied motorized valve should energize.

- 7. Lower the set point to less than room temperature and the system should d-energize.
- 8. Return system switch to "Off" position.

STARTUP & PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST INSTRUCTIONS:

The warranty may be void unless is completed and returned to the warrantor. If the unit is not installed properly the warranty will be void as the manufacturer will not be held accountable for problems that stem from improper installation.

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WARNING



- Always wear eye protection.
- When fan coil is operating, some components are operating at high speeds. Do not touch rotating items with any object
- Return and secure all electrical and service access panels in their proper place.
- Clear surrounding area of all tools, equipment and debris.
- Check the entire unit to ensure its cleanliness.

TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CHECKS & CORRECTIONS				
	Power supply off	Apply power; close disconnect.				
	Blown Fuse	Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker. Check for correct fuses.				
	Voltage supply low	If voltage is below minimum voltage specified on unit data plate, contact lower power company.				
ENTIRE UNIT DOES NOT RUN	Thermostat	Set the fan to "ON", the fan should run. Set thermostat to "COOL" and lowest temperature setting, the unit should run in the cooling mode. If neither the blower nor compressor run in either case, the thermostat could be mis-wired or faulty. To ensure mis-wired or faulty thermostat verify 24 volts is available on the condenser section low voltage terminal strip between "R" and "C", "Y" and "C". If blower does not operate, verify 24 colts between terminals "G" and "C" in the air handler. Replace the thermostat if defective.				
	Thermostat	Check setting, calibration and wiring.				
BLOWER	Wiring Compressor overload open	Check for loose or broken wires at compressor, capacitor or contractor. If the compressor is cool and the overload will not reset, replace the compressor.				
OPERATES BUT	Compressor motor	Internal wiring grounded to the compressor shell. Replace compressor. If				
COMPRESSOR	grounded	compressor burnout, install new filter dryer.				
DOES NOT RUN	Compressor windings open	After compressor has cooled, check continually of compressor windings. If the windings are open, replace the compressor.				
	Refrigerant Sensor	For units over 4lbs, an active refrigerant leak or faulty sensor will disable the compressor operation. Verify absence of refrigerant leak and replace sensor.				
UNIT OFF ON	Discharge pressure too high	In "COOLING" mode: Lack of or inadequate water flow. Entering water temperature too warm. Scaled or restricted water to refrigerant heat exchanger.				
HIGH PRESSURE CONTROL	Refrigerant charge	The unit is overcharged with refrigerant. Reclaim refrigerant, evacuate and recharge with factory recommended charge.				
	High pressure switch	Check for defective or improperly calibrated high-pressure switch.				
UNIT OFF ON	Suction Pressure too low	In "COOLING" mode: Lack of or inadequate airflow. Entering air temperature too cold. Blower inoperative, clogged filter or restriction in ductwork.				
LOW PRESSURE CONTROL	Refrigerant charge	The unit is low on refrigerant. Check for refrigerant leak, repair, evacuate and recharge with factor recommended charge.				
	Low pressure switch	Check for defective or improperly calibrated low-pressure switch.				
	Unit oversized	Recalculate heating and cooling loads.				
UNIT SHORT CYCLES	Thermostat	Thermostat installed near a supply air register, relocate thermostat. Check heat anticipator.				
	Wiring and controls	Loose connections in the wiring or a defective compressor contactor.				
	Solid Green	Sensor is in startup mode.				
A2L SENSOR	Blinking Green	Sensor is in normal operation.				
STATUS LIGHT	Solid Red	Sensor has detected a leak and is in mitigation mode.				
	Blinking Red	Sensor fault, unit compressor will not energize and fan will be continuous.				
	Table	15 - Troubleshooting Table (1 of 2)				

TROUBLESHOOTING (continued)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CHECKS & CORRECTIONS				
	Unit undersized	Recalculate heating and cooling loads. If not excessive, possibly adding insulation will rectify the situation.				
	Loss of conditioned air by	Check for leaks in ductwork or introduction of ambient air through doors or				
	leaks	windows.				
	Airflow	Lack of adequate airflow or improper distribution of air. Replace dirty air filter.				
	Refrigerant charge	Low on refrigerant charge causing inefficient operation.				
	Compressor	Check for defective compressor. If discharge is too low and suction pressure is				
INSUFFICIENT	Compressor	too high, compressor is not pumping properly. Replace compressor.				
COOLING OR		Defective reversing valve creating bypass of refrigerant from discharge to				
HEATING	Reversing valve	suction side of compressor. Discharge is too low and suction is too high. Replace				
		reversing valve.				
	Operating pressures	Compare unit operating pressures to the pressure / temperature chart for the				
	Operating pressures	unit.				
	Refrigerant metering device	Check for possible restriction or defect. Replace is necessary.				
		The refrigerant system may be contaminated with moisture or non-				
	Moisture, non-condensable	condensable. Reclaim refrigerant, evacuate and recharge with factory				
		recommended charge.				
	Table 1	6 - Troubleshooting Table (2 of 2)				

ERV ALARM CODES

ALARM CODES (ERV)								
STATE	STATE SITUATION							
Normal	Everything works normally	Open						
Alarm, unacknowledged	Problem detected by controller and alarm activated	Closed						
Alarm, acknowledged	Problem still existing, service man acknowledged the active alarm	Open						
Normal, acknowledged	Problem fixed / eliminated, alarm is acknowledged							
	For A-Alarm: Reset pending to unlock unit	Open						
	For B-Alarm: Works normal.							
Normal, unacknowledged	Problem fixed / eliminated, but alarm is not acknowledged	Closed						
	Table 17 - Alarm Codes (ERV)							

A-ALARMS

In the case of critical A-Alarms, the application operation is locked in shut down mode until the alarm is acknowledged and reset.

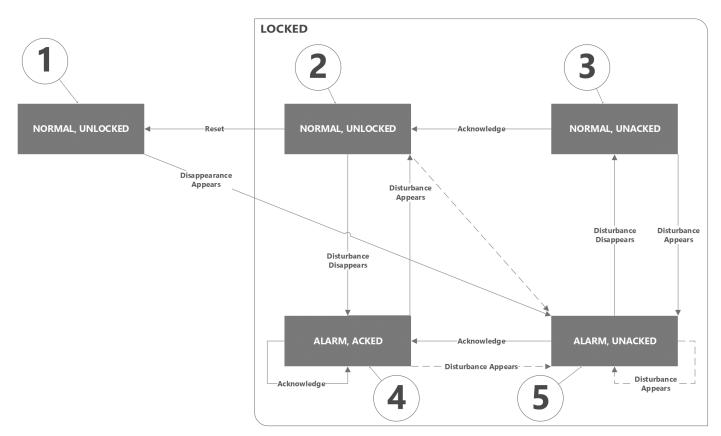


Figure 41 - A-Alarms Application Operation Key

	A-ALARMS APPLICATIONS OPERATION KEY								
	ALARM	LOCKED	UNACKNOWLEDGED						
1	0	0	0						
2	0	1	0						
3	0	1	1						
4	1	1	0						
5	1	1	1						
	Table 18 - A-Al	arms Application Op	eration Key						

B-ALARMS

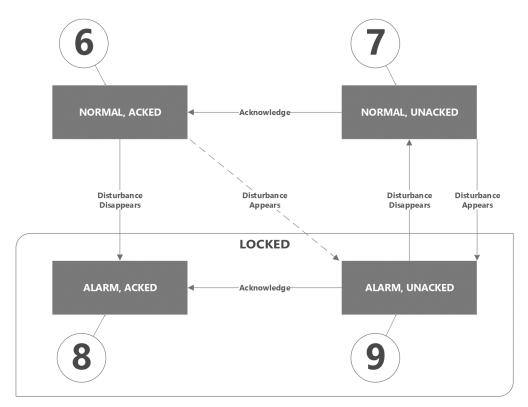


FIGURE 42 - B-Alarms Application Operation Key

	B-ALARMS APPLICATIONS OPERATION KEY								
	ALARM	LOCKED	UNACKNOWLEDGED						
1	0	0	0						
2	0	1	0						
3	0	1	1						
4	1	1	0						
5	1	1	1						
	Table 19 - B-Alarms Application Operation Key								

AVAILABLE PARAMETERS

	AVAILABLE PAF	RAMETER	S
ACKNOWLEDGE AND RESET	BACNET OBJECT	R/RW	NOTE
A-Alarm acknowledgement	AalmAck	RW	1: Ready
	MVAL,137		2: Acknowledge
			3: Reset
			Automatic return to 1
B-Alarm acknowledgement	BalmAck	RW	1: Ready
	MVAL,133		2: Acknowledge
			Automatic return to 1
A-ALARMS	BACNET OBJECT	R/RW	NOTE
A-Alarm state	AalmSta	R	1: Acknowledged, unlocked
	MVAL, 135		2: Unacknowledged
			3: Reset
			Automatic return to 1
A-Alarm indication	AalmInd	R	1: Normal
	MVAL, 136		2: Alarm
A-Alarm code	AalmCode	R	09999
	AVAL, 49		
B-ALARMS	BACNET OBJECT	R/RW	NOTE
B-Alarm state	BalmSta	R	1: Acknowledged, unlocked
	MVAL, 132		2: Unacknowledged
			3: Reset
			Automatic return to 1
B-Alarm indication	BalmInd	R	1: Normal
	MVAL, 131		2: Alarm
B-Alarm code	BalmCode	R	09999
	AVAL, 43		
ALARM CLASS SETTINGS	BACNET OBJECT	R/RW	NOTE
Alarm configuration for outside air	AlmCnfTOa	RW	1: A-Alarm
temperature	MVAL,141		2: B-Alarm
Alarm configuration for heat	AlmCnfHExg	RW	1: A-Alarm
exchanger	MVAL,348		2: B-Alarm
			3: None
Alarm configuration for all fan errors	AlmCnfFanFb	RW	1: A-Alarm
(Feedback fault, error signal or	MVAI,349		2: B-Alarm
	1	ĺ	3: None (No fan error supervision. – Do
Modbus interrupted)			
Modbus interrupted)	Table 20 - Availabl		not use "None for Modbus fans)

Error codes are divided in different groups for easier recognition of the alarm source. Those groups are identified in the table below.

ERROR CODES						
ERROR CODE ERROR SOURCE						
10001999	Hardware related errors					
20002999	Application related errors					
30003999	Communication errors					
90009999	3 rd party related errors					
Table 21 - Error Codes						

CODE RANGES – HARDWARE

	ALADAG				HARDWARE	
CODE	ALARM CLASS	NAME/DESCRIPTION	SOURCE	PLANT LOCK	BACNET OBJECT/COMMENT	INFLUENCE OF ALARM
1001	А	Supply air temperature, Sensor fault	System	Stop	TSu	Shutdown AHU
1002	A/B	Exhaust air temperature, sensor fault	System	Run	TEh, Active only if sensor available	Shutdown AHU/ No Heat exchanger supervision possible
1003	В	Extract air temperature, sensor fault	System	Run	TEx, Active only if sensor available	Fallback to room temperature control or supply air control
1004	A/B	Outside air temperature sensor fault	System	Conf.	TOa	Shutdown AHU / fallback to defaul
1005	А	Frost protection temperature for heating coil, sensor fault	System	Stop	TFrPrtHcl Active only if HclHw selected	Shutdown AHU, Frost protection mode
1006	В	Relative humidity for extract air, sensor fault	System	Run	HuRelEx, Active only if sensor available	Stop Humidity control if all sensors fail
1009	А	Fire damper position, feedback fault	Process	Stop	FdpFb, Active only if Fdp selected. Plausibility check of fire damper position feedback	Shutdown AHU
1012	В	Room Temperature, sensor fault	System	Run	TR with POS8/QMX3	Fallback to extract temperature control or supply air control
1013	В	Room air quality, sensor fault	System	Run	AQualR with QMX3 or PmR	Stop air quality control if all sensors fail
1014	В	Extract air quality, sensor fault	System	Run	PmR or AQualR, Particulate matters, Air quality	Stop control if all sensors fail
1017	В	Room air humidity, sensor fault	System	Run	HuRelR, Active only if sensor available	Stop Humidity control if all sensors fail
1018	A/B	Supply air temp. after preheating coil, sensor fault	System	Run	TSuAfPreHcl, Active only if sensor available	Shutdown AHU / Shutdown electric preheating coil, fallback value for heat exchanger efficiency
1019	В	Flow temperature preheating coil, sensor fault	System	Run	TFIPreHcl, Active only if sensor available	Fallback to default value
1020	В	Air filter, dirty	Process	Run	Operating hour of air filter exceeds limit or delta P, active only if FilA selected	No reaction
1021	В	Supply air temperature after heat exchanger, sensor fault	System	Run	TsuAfHExg, Active only if sensor available	Fallback value for Hexg efficiency calculation
1031	A/B/n	Heat Exchanger fault	Process	Run	RotHExgFlt or HExgCdnMon	Shutdown AHU / Bypass or shutdown HExg / no reaction
1037	A/B/n	Supply air fan fault	Process	Conf.	FanSuSpdFb, FanSuFlt Check of fan speed feedback or fault signal	Shutdown AHU / No reaction / No reaction
1038	A/B/n	Exhaust air fan fault	Process	Conf.	FanSuSpdFb, FanSuFlt Check of fan speed feedback or fault signal	Shutdown AHU / No reaction / No reaction
2001	А	Emergency off	Process	Stop	EngOff (BI)	AHU off
2002	Α	Smoke detector	Process	Stop	Smext (BI)	Smoke extract mode
2004	Α	Fire Alarm	Process	Stop	Supply (TSu) or extract (TEx) air temperature exceeds max limit	Shutdown extract mode
2005	В	Supply air temperature, exceeds operating limits	Process	Stop	Supply air temperature (TSu) exceeds min/max limits	No reaction
2012	Α	Preheating coil, over temperature	Process	Stop	PreHclOvrTDet, active only if PreHclEl selected	Shutdown AHU
2013	А	Outside air damper stops air flow	Process	Stop		Shutdown AHU
2017	A/B/n	Heat exchanger efficiency supervision	Process	Conf.	Plausibility check of air temperatures	Shutdown AHU / Bypass or shutdown / no reaction

Table 22 - Code Ranges - Hardware

CODE RANGES – COMMUNICATION

	CODE RANGES – HARDWARE									
CODE	ALARM CLASS	NAME/DESCRIPTION	SOURCE	PLANT LOCK	BACNET OBJECT/COMMENT	INFLUENCE OF ALARM				
3005	В	I/O extension module, Modbus communication fault	System	Run	POS9 active only if device configured	Same reaction as for each connection input				
3011	В	Duct pressure sensor, Modbus communication error	System	Run	QBM, Active only if device configured	Fallback to linear Fan speed				
3012	A/B	Supply air fan, Modbus communication fault	System	Conf.	Active only if Modbus fan configured	A: Shutdown AHU / B: No reaction Reaction of fan based on fan device configuration				
3101	В	Room sensor, KNX PL-Link communication error	System	Run	Common fault for all PL-Link room devices: POS8.4420/4440, QMX3.P30/P40/P70 Active only if device configured					

Table 23 - Code Ranges - Hardware

OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

REFRIGERANT CHARGE AND PARTIAL REFRIGERANT CHARGE

Aqua Pak units are factory charged with refrigerant. All units use an adjustable thermostatic expansion valve (txv) to control refrigerant flow to the evaporator coil. Do not adjust the txv unless an evaluation of the system as described below indicates it is necessary. Superheat is increased (decrease refrigerant flow) by turning the txv stem clockwise, turning the stem counter-clockwise will decrease superheat (increase refrigerant flow). Ideal conditions for checking refrigerant charge in cooling mode exist when the outdoor temperature is above 70°f (21° c) and indoor temperature is between 70°f (21° c) & 80°f (26.7° c).

PARTIAL REFRIGERANT CHARGE

Total refrigerant charge is listed on the unit rating plate. For partial system charging, the subcooling and superheat method can be used to make small refrigerant charge adjustmets. Optionally, the entire refrigerant charge can be recovered and weighed back in per the total system charge listed on the rating plate. To check the refrigerant charge, actual subcooling & superheat must be determined. Allow the unit to operate in cooling mode for 15 minutes before taking readings. Attach refrigerant gauges to the suction line and liquid line access ports.

Subcooling

- 1) Place an accurate temperature sensor on the liquid line as close as practical to the TXV inlet. Insulate the temperature sensor from ambient to assure an accurate line temperature reading.
- 2) Record the liquid line temperature
- 3) Record the saturated temperature on your liquid line gauge that corresponds to the pressure shown on your gauge.

Actual Subcooling = saturated liquid line temperature - liquid line temperature

Superheat

- 1) Place an accurate temperature sensor on the suction line as close as practical to the compressor. Insulate the temperature sensor from ambient to assure an accurate line temperature reading
- 2) Record the suction line temperature
- 3) Record the saturated temperature on your suction line gauge that corresponds to the pressure shown on your gauge

Actual superheat = suction line temperature - saturated suction temperature

Compare your actual subcooling and superheat to the target subcooling and superheat.

If subcooling and superheat are both low, adjust the TXV stem clockwise 1/4 turn. Allow the system to stabilize before re-checking.

If subcooling is low and superheat is high, add a small amount of refrigerant. Allow the system to stabilize before re-checking.

If subcooling and superheat are both high, adjust the TXV stem counter-clockwise 1/4 turn. Allow the system to stabilize before re-checking.

If subcooling is high and superheat is low, adjust the TXV stem 1/4 turn clockwise. Recover a small amount of refrigerant. Allow the system to stabilize before rechecking.

Cooling Capacity	12K	18K	24K	30K
Subcooling	8	8	16	10
Superheat at coil	14	7	9	8
Superheat at compressor	17	20	16	10



Subcooling and superheat readings are reliable when the conditioned space is at comfortable conditions.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE



WARNING





FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD



Explosion risk, recover refrigerant only in a cylinder designed and intended for this purpose

- Do not use a damaged cylinder
- Do not apply flame or excessive heat to a refrigerant cylinder
- Do not fill a refrigerant cylinder to more than 80% of its capacity
- Do not use a refrigerant cylinder for anything other than its designed and intended purpose
- Do not use an expired refrigerant cylinder
- Use recovery equipment designed to handle the refrigerant being recovered
- Earth-ground refrigerant cylinders before using



WARNING



Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death. Recover all refrigerant before attempting a sealed air conditioning system repair. Recover all refrigerant before final unit disposal. Use all service ports and position all refrigerant flow—control devices open, including expansion valves and solenoid valves.



WARNING



HIGH VOLTAGE!

Disconnect all power before servicing. Failure to do so may result in property damage, personal injury, or death.



CAUTION



Compressors and sealed system tubing components may be extremely hot!



CAUTION



Do not use compressors to evacuate the air conditioning system. A vacuum may cause internal electrical arcing resulting in a damaged or failed compressor.



WARNING



Do not exceed the maximum operating pressure listed on the unit rating plate.



IMPORTANT



It is illegal to discharge refrigerant into the atmosphere. Use proper reclaiming methods and equipment when installing or servicing this unit. Service should be performed by a QUALIFIED service agency. A sealed refrigerant system normally requires no maintenance since it is a closed, selfcontained system.



CAUTION



Wear all appropriate personal protection equipment when servicing or maintaining this unit. Personal injury can result from sharp metal edges, moving parts, and hot or cold surfaces.



WARNING





FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD



Failure to following this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Do not use flames or any potential ignition sources to leak check R-545B refrigerant tubing or components.



WARNING





FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD



Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in property damage, dangerous operation, serious injury, or death. Improper servicing could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death, or property damage.

- Before servicing, disconnect all electrical power to the unit.
 - When servicing controls, label all wires prior to disconnecting. Reconnect wires correctly. Verify proper operation after servicing.



WARNING



Components rotate at high speeds when the unit is in operation.

Do not touch any rotating component with any object. Damage to the equipment and personal injury can occur.

To ensure maximum performance and service life of equipment, a formal schedule of regular preventative maintenance must be established and adhered to.

Failure to do establish and perform preventative maintenance program can void the manufactures warranty.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

To achieve maximum performance and service life of equipment, a formal schedule of regular maintenance should be established and adhered to.

If servicing or major repairs are required, the complete unit can be removed as follows:

- 1. Disconnect the electrical power circuit supplying the unit
- 2. Remove line and low voltage wiring from unit,
- 3. Remove rear access panel.
- 4. Remove supply duct from top of unit.
- 5. Slide unit back out of sleeve.
- 6. Unit may be removed from closet.

To reinstall unit, use the installation procedure outlined above.

FAN

The fan should be inspected and cleaned annually in conjunction with maintenance of the motor and bearings. It is important to keep the fan section and motor clean and free from obstruction to prevent imbalance, vibration, and improper operation.



Check motor connections to ensure they are secure and in accordance with the unit wiring diagram. ECM motors have line voltage power applied at all times.

MAKE SURE POWER IS DISCONNECTED BEFORE SERVICING

FILTER

The air filter and ERV filters should be cleaned or replaced every 30 days or more frequently if severe operating conditions exist. Always replace the filter with the same type and size as originally furnished.

ERV CORE

The Energy Recovery plate heat exchanger (CORE), should be inspected at least twice (2) times a year. The CORE should be removed and cleaned as needed at least once (1) per year. The CORE can be cleaned with light air pressure or with a mild detergent and water solution. Be sure that the CORE is completely dry before reinserting it back into the ERV.

ERV INSULATION

The ERV interior should be inspected with the CORE (2 times a year). Check and clean the cabinet interior of all dirt and debris.

COIL

Clean all heat transfer surfaces and remove all dirt, dust, and contaminates that potentially impairs air flow using industry accepted practices. Care should be taken not to bend coil fin material.

CONDENSATE DRAIN PAN AND PIPE

Check and clean all dirt and debris from pan. Ensure drain line is free flowing and unobstructed.

MAINTENANCE UPDATES

Contact First Co. Technical Support for maintenance updates.

UNIT PERFORMANCE

Record performance measurements of volts, amps and water temperature differences (both heating and cooling). A comparison of logged data with start-up and other annual data is useful as an indicator of general equipment condition.

UNIT LOCKOUT

Air or water problems could cause periodic lockouts. The lockout (shutdown) of the units is a normal protective result. Check for dirt in the water system, water flow rates, water temperatures, airflow rates (may be caused by dirty filter) and air temperatures.

LABORATORY TESTING

When the unit has less than 100 operational hours and the coils have not had sufficient time to be "seasoned", it is necessary to clean the coils with mild surfactant such as Calgon to remove the oils left by manufacturing processes.

Compressor bearing products designed for A2L refrigerants may come equipped with a factory installed refrigerant leak detection system. If the sensor is faulty, or disconnected, the appliance will not properly function.

False ceilings or drop ceilings may be used as a return air plenum if a refrigerant detection system is provided in the appliance and any external connections are also provided with a sensor immediately below the return air plenum duct joint.

QUALIFICATION OF WORKERS

Service shall only be performed by qualified technicians, certified by national training organizations or manufacturers that are accredited to teach the relevant national competency standards that may be set in legislation. Competence to properly service the appliance should be documented by a certificate.

CHECKS TO THE WORK AREA

Prior to beginning work on the appliance, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition of released gasses is minimized. Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.

CHECKING FOR PRESENCE OF REFRIGERANT

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

No person carrying out work in relation to a REFRIGERATING SYSTEM which involves exposing any such a pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "NO SMOKING" signs shall be displayed.

VENTILATED AREA

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

CHECKS TO THE REFREIGERATING EQUIPMENT

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using FLAMMANLE REFRIGERANTS:

- The actual REFRIGERANT CHARGE is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
- The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- Refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a
 position where they are unlikely to be exposed to
 any substance which may corrode refrigerant
 containing components, unless the components are
 constructed of materials which are inherently
 resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected
 against being so corroded.

CHECKS TO ELECTRICAL DEVICES AND SEALED ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised. Initial Safety Checks shall include:

- That capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- That no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- That there is continuity of earth bonding. Sealed electrical components shall be replaced in the event of damage or malfunction.

CABLING

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

DETECTION OF FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of

ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.

Leak detection fluids (such as the bubble method or fluorescent method agents) are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

REMOVAL AND EVACUATION OF FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- Remove refrigerant charge following local and national regulations
- Purge the circuit with inert gas (optional for A2L);
- Evacuate (optional for A2L)
- If using flame to open circuit, continuously flush system with an inert gas
- Open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to the atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum (optional for A2L). This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system (optional for A2L). When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. The outlet for the vacuum pump shall not be close to any potential ignition sources, and ventilation shall be available.

CHARGING PROCEDURES

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.
 Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the REFRIGERATING SYSTEM is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the REFRIGERATING SYSTEM.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

DECOMISSIONING

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- A. Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- B. Isolate system electrically.
- C. Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:
 - a. mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - c. the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - d. recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- D. Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- E. If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.

- F. Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- G. Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.
- H. Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- I. Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- J. When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- K. Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another REFRIGERATING SYSTEM unless it has been cleaned and checked

LABELING

Equipment Shall be labelled stating that it has been decommissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating that the equipment contains FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANT.

RECOVERY

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing order commissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely. When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of the flammable refrigerant. If in doubt, the manufacturer should be consulted. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak- free disconnect couplings and in good condition

The recovered refrigerant shall be processed according to local Legislation in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The compressor body shall not be heated by an open flame or other ignition sources to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely

REFRIGERANT DETECTION SENSOR (RDS) INFORMATION

Refer to the appliance IOM for information regarding the minimum conditioned room requirements, and instructions for the RDS operation, installation, and wiring. Any field installed wiring connected to the RDS must be at least 18AWG and have minimum insulation thickness of 1.58mm or be protected from damage.

The RDS is not intended for service or repair. In the event of a sensor failure, the mitigation mode will engage and the sensor shall be replaced by removing the sensor and replacing it with a new sensor.

DUCTING

If the appliance is connected via an air duct system to one or more rooms with A2L refrigerants is installed in a room with an area of less than the minimum as noted on the unit physical data table, or a minimum effective dispersal volume less than $18m^3(636 \text{ ft}^3)$, the room shall be without continuously operating open flames (e.g. an operating gas appliance), or other potential ignition sources (such as an operating electric heater/ hot surface). A flame producing device may be installed in the same space if the device is provided with an effective flame arrest.

Auxiliary devices which may be a potential ignition source shall not be installed in the duct work. Potential ignition sources include hot surfaces with a temperature exceeding 430°C (806°F) and electric switching devices.

PIPING

Pipe-work including piping material, pipe routing, and installation shall include protection from physical damage in operation and service, and be in compliance with national and local codes and standards, such as AHRAE 15, ASHRAE 15.2, IAPMO uniform mechanical code, ICC International Mechanical Code, or CSA B52. All field joints shall be accessible for inspection prior to being covered or enclosed.

PERFORMANCE TABLES

ERV EFFECTIVENESS TABLE							
SUPPLY TEMPERATURE		RELATIVE	SUPPLY AIR FLOW		RECOVERY		
		HUMIDITY			SENSIBLE	LATENT	TOTAL
°C	°F	RH %	L/s	CFM	E	ffectiveness 9	%
25	77	80	47	100	62.4	41.9	54.7
0	32	80	23	50	70.7	53.6	65
0	32	80	37	80	65.4	46	59
0	32	80	56	120	59.7	38.5	52.7
-25	-13	80	47	100	65.4	41.9	56.2

Tab	e 24 -	FRV	'Effectivenes	ς

VENTILATION PERFORMANCE					
	AL STATIC	SUPPLY		EXHAUST	
PRES	SURE	AIR FLOW		AIR FLOW	
Pa	in. W.C.	L/s	Pa	L/s	Pa
25	0.1	60	127	60	127
50	0.2	56	119	56	119
75	0.3	55	117	55	117
100	0.4	52	110	52	110
125	0.5	49	104	49	104
150	0.6	47	100	47	100
175	0.7	46	97	46	97
200	0.8	41	87	41	87
225	0.9	37	78	37	78
250	1.0	34	72	34	72
Table 25 - Ventilation Performance					

SUPPORT MATERIAL

ASHRAE 62.2 VENTILATION STANDARD TABLES

ASHRAE 62.2 CFM Sizing Chart						
FLOOR AREA	NUMBER OF BEDROOMS / CFM					
FLOOR AREA	0-1	2-3	4-5	6-7	>7	
< 1500	30	45	60	75	90	
1501 – 3000	45	60	75	90	105	
3001 – 4500	60	75	90	105	120	
4501 – 6000	75	90	105	120	135	
6001 – 7500	90	105	120	135	150	
> 7500	105	120	135	150	165	

ANSI/ASHRAE STANDARD 62.2-2010 – Ventilation Air Requirements; values in cfm. The above chart outlines the minimum requirements for continuous ventilation.

Table 26 - ASHRAE 62.2 CFM Sizing Chart

ROOM COUNT CALCULATION METHOD TABLE						
LIVING SPACE	NUMBER OF	X CFM (or L/s)	=	CFM Required		
	ROOMS					
Master Bedroom		x 20 cfm (for 10 L/s)	=			
Basement		x 20 cfm (for 10 L/s)	=			
Single Bedroom		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	=			
Living Room		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	=			
Dining Room		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	=			
Family Room		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	=			
Recreation Room		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	Ш			
Other		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	Ш			
Kitchen		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	=			
Bathroom		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	Ш			
Laundry Room		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	Ш			
Utility Room		x 10 cfm (for 5 L/s)	=			
	=					
Table 27 - Room Count Calculation Method Table						

STARTUP & PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST INSTRUCTIONS



DOCUMENT #: ___

CUSTOMER	STARTUP DA	ATE JOB#				
ADDRESS	SERVICING (COMPANY				
	TECHNICIAN	1				
MODEL # SERIAL #		PHONE #				
		INSTALLATION CHE	ECK LIST			
Inspect the unit for transit damage and report any da	mage on the carrier's freight bill.					
Check model number to insure it matches the job rec	*					
Install field accessories and unit adapter panels as re	equired. Follow accessory and un	it installation manuals.				
Verify field wiring, including the wiring to any access						
Check all multi-tap transformers, to insure they are s		à				
Prior to energizing the unit, inspect all the electrical of		condensational at the feetons. If the bloom				
Power the unit. Bump the motor contractor to check running backwards, de-energize power to the unit, th						
Perform all start up procedures outline in the installar	ion manual shipped with the unit					
Fill in the Start Up Information as outlined below and						
Provide owner with information packet. Explain the the	nermostat and unit operation.					
	STAR	T UP INFORMATIO	N SHEET			
		TO INTONIMATIO				
Superby Voltage 1 4 1 2	ELECTRICAL	Compressor Amos				
Supply Voltage L1-L2 Running Voltage L1-L2	-	Compressor Amps Blower Amps				
	_	Condenser Fan Amps				
Secondary Voltage	-	Jondenser Fan Amps				
C (black) to G (green) Volt		TMOS. Sharmontat o	alline			
C (black) t W (white) Volt	S"	"With thermostat co	asing.			
AMPERAGE - ERV MOTORS		AIRFLOW				
Intake Motor: Nominal HP	Intake Design	CFM Exhaust Design	CFM			
Rated Amps		-				
Running Amps	Pressure					
Exhaust Motor: Nominal HP	Calculated		FM			
Rated Amps			emp			
Running Amps	Return Aird	® Temp" Return Air & T	emp"			
	Tempered Air d		emp* 15 minutes of run time			
	TEMPERATURES	areasone armit i	5 minus or run une			
Outdoor No Tomoroshuro	TEMPERATURES	Air Tannacahan				
Outdoor Air Temperature DB	WB Cooling Supply	y Air Temperature DB	WB			
Return Air Temperature		y Air Temperature				
DB	WB Coppy	DB	WB			

FIGURE 43 - Startup & Performance Checklist (1 of 2)

STARTUP & PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST (continued)



		UNIT OPERATION
HEA	ATING MODE	
1	INDOOR BLOWER AMPS	
2	TEMPERATURE RISE	
	Supply Duct Temperature	
	Return Duct Temperature	•
	Temperature Rise	•
3	TOTAL EXTERNAL STATIC	
	Supply Duct Temperature	
	Return Duct Temperature 4	·
	Temperature Rise	
4	CONDENSATE LINE Leak Free	
COC	DLING MODE	
5		
6		
	Return Duct Temperature	
	Supply Duct Temperature	
	Temperature Drop	·
7		
	Supply External Static	
	Return External Static	
	Total External Static	
8	DRAIN LINE Leak Free	
9		
	Adjusted & Programmed	
	Explained Operation to Owner	

The warranty may be void unless the Startup & Performance Checklist is completed and returned to the warrantor. If the HVAC unit is not installed properly the warranty will be void as the manufacturer can't be held accountable for problems that stem from improper installation.

FIGURE 44 - Startup & Performance Checklist (2 of 2)

NOTES

